

# THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 17, Number 306

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1918

Price Two Cents

## HUNS PUSH TO MARNE, 13 MILE FRONT

### DULUTH TRAIN CHANGES

#### AWAITING MAIN GERMAN ATTACK

French Reserves Are Now in the Line to Block Advance on Paris.

#### POILUS BATTER FOES

Efforts of the Enemy to Cut Paris-Soissons Main Line Are Costing Him Dearly in Killed and Wounded—Hot Fighting Continues.

Paris, June 1.—The main German attack in the direction of Paris will be met by French reserves who have taken their place in the line.

The enemy was sharply driven back when menacing Chateau-Thierry and attempting to cross the Marne at the bridgehead a Jaulgonne (half way between Chateau-Thierry and Dormans). He was equally driven back in attempts to reach Dormans by way of the Verneuil bridgehead.

The main attack on Paris is expected to come down to Ourey from the Fere-et-Tardenois and Oulchy-le-Chateau line.

It is expected the last big battle will be fought upon the Mondier-Noyon-Soissons-Chateau-Thierry line, with the main thrust from Noyon, where the battle is becoming fiercer and fiercer.

Chateau-Thierry is now entirely evacuated. The bombardment continues. The enemy apparently plans to cut the Paris-Soissons main line, but his efforts are costing him enormous losses. The German attempt to cross the Marne at Jaulgonne and Verneuil suffered a disastrous check, the French artillery cutting up the Uhlans in the Fere forest.

Chateau-Thierry is 58 miles north-east of Paris by rail. The direct air line is 45 miles.

#### 7 NORTHWEST MEN LISTED

Total of Sixty Names on Last American Casualty List.

Washington, June 1.—The last army casualty list contained 60 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, 15; died of wounds, 6; died of accident, 11; died of disease, 4; wounded severely, 15; wounded slightly, 8; missing in action, 1.

Seven Northwest men are on the casualty list. Four were killed in action, one died of wounds, one was severely wounded and one slightly wounded.

Private John H. Lunzer, St. Paul, was the man slightly wounded.

Northwest men killed in action were Frank Colon of Aberdeen, S. D.; Kenneth Edward Couter, of Eldon, Minn.; Carl M. J. Martinson of Stanley, Wis. and George E. Mooney, of Glasgow, Mont.

Thomas W. McDermott of Albany, Wis., died of accident Henry Ruch of Waukesha, Wis., was severely wounded.

#### TO CALL 280,000 MEN IN JUNE

Will Be Summoned To Colors By Draft June 24.

Washington, June 1.—Official announcement is made that 280,000 men will be called to the colors in June. They will be ordered to report June 24 but it has not yet been determined to what camps they can be assigned. The quota is based on estimates of the space available for the men in camps and cantonments. If the rate of shipment of troops across again is raised, more may be called. Probabilities are that enough men will be called for special service to round the number out to 300,000.

#### Greeks Take 1,500 Prisoners.

London, June 1.—More than 1,500 Germans and Bulgarian prisoners, among them 23 officers, and a large quantity of war materials have been captured by Greek troops on the Macedonia front, according to an official communication from Saloniki.

#### Military Law for Ireland Hinted.

London, June 1.—A dispatch to the Central News from Dublin says a proclamation was saying that the counties of Limerick and Tipperary will be proclaimed special military areas if unlawful drilling and assemblies continue.

#### MAJ. GEN. CROWDER.

New photo of man who issued the "work or fight" order.



A new photograph of Maj. Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, United States provost marshal general. He is and has been in charge of the draft, an undertaking which not only has mobilized the numerical man power of the nation, but has segregated the men of draft age into powerful industrial units as well.

#### SUNK ON WAY HOME

American Transport Torpedoed by Foe Submarine.

Steamer President Lincoln Was One of German Vessels Seized By Government.

Washington, June 1.—A German submarine sank the American transport President Lincoln, bound for the United States, at 10:49 o'clock Friday morning.

The following statement was made by Secretary Daniels. "The Navy department has received a dispatch from Vice Admiral Sims stating that the U. S. S. President Lincoln was torpedoed a 10:49 o'clock and sank an hour later.

"The vessel was returning from Europe. No further particulars have been received."

Few Casualties Assumed.

Though details are lacking, it is assumed from the fact that the transport was returning to the United States, that few, if any, troops were on board. Meager reports so far received mention no casualties.

From the fact that the President Lincoln remained afloat for an hour after being torpedoed, it is hoped that all on board had full opportunity to escape, provided none was injured by the explosion of the torpedo.

The vessel, registering 15,072 tons, was formerly of the Hamburg-American line and, with all other German merchant ships in American waters at the time, was seized by the government when the United States entered the war.

The loss is the second instance of an American transport to fall victim to the Hun U-boats. Like the President Lincoln, the Antilles, torpedoed soon after the United States began sending troops abroad, was returning empty to the United States.

#### MULES TO HAVE GAS MASKS

New Type of Protector Is Being Sent to France.

Washington, June 1.—Every horse and mule in the American expeditionary forces soon will be equipped with a new type of gas mask which it is declared will make them impervious to gas attacks.

The masks are coming from a specially equipped factory at the rate of 5,000 a day, the gas defense service announced, and are going rapidly to France.

#### FOE ASPHYXIATES TOWNS

Ukrainian Communities Are Wiped Out By Gas.

London, June 1.—The Germans in their reprisals against peasant disorders in Ukraine drenched several villages near Kiev with gas, according to a Petograd dispatch to the Daily Express. Thus, adds the message, whole communities were asphyxiated.

Commencing Sunday, June 2, there is a change of time in passenger train service on the Lake Superior division. Train 55 arrives from Duluth in the morning as usual at 11:08 and leaves at 11:15 for Staples.

Train 56 returning from Staples for Duluth will under new time arrive at 2:10 in the afternoon and leave at 2:30 p. m. The old arriving time for years had been 2:25 p. m. and leaving at 2:35 p. m.

Changes are recorded with the Duluth train arriving near midnight and returning from Staples for Duluth in the early morning.

Train 57 which used to come at 12:02 a. m. and left at 12:35 a. m., has been changed to arrive at 12:55 a. m. and leaving at 1:10 a. m. for Staples.

Train 58 which under old time came at 4 in the morning and left at 4:10 a. m. for Duluth has been changed to arriving at 4:48 a. m. and leaving at 4:53 a. m.

#### Country Will be Wheatless for 10 Weeks

(By United Press)

Washington, June 1.—For the next ten weeks the nation will be placed on practically wheatless days, now squeezed down to 20 per cent of the normal wheat consumption, until August 15 when the new crop becomes available. Societies, churches, Sunday schools religious organizations are asked to get members pledged to abstain from wheat until the new crop is available. The labor organizations are not asked to abandon wheat but gradually curtail its use.

#### Chicago Man Made Textile Administrator

(By United Press)

Washington, June 1.—John Scott, of Chicago, has been appointed textile administrator, which may mean the commandeering of all cotton, woolen and silk goods and the fixing prices of all cloths.

#### Mrs. Rose Stokes Gets 10 Years

Kansas City, June 1.—Mrs. Rose Stokes, socialist, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

#### AGAIN RAID HOSPITAL

Enemy Airmen Make Attack Behind American Lines.

Nurses and Babies Killed In Onslaught Lasting Several Hours In Picardy.

With the American Army in France, June 1.—A pretentious raid on the area behind the American lines has been made in Picardy.

Bombs were dropped on all sides of one of the largest hospitals in a town many miles to the rear of the front. American and French wounded soldiers were carried to cellars and caves by American nurses and members of the American Red Cross.

Only a few patients were injured by flying glass as most of the windows in the hospital had been shattered by bombs dropped the previous night. Several private houses were wrecked and a number of civilians, including several babies, were killed and injured.

The Germans came in wave formation and then scattered widely. One squadron dropped bombs a few hundred feet from an American field hospital and at the same time one of the long range guns shelled a village a few hundred yards away.

A French nurse, her mother and two little sisters were killed in a house a short distance from a hospital, another nurse was standing on the upper floor of the hospital ministering to patients when a piece of bomb struck her piercing her lung.

Five American nurses were in the same hospital. While the raid was in progress they went about cheering the patients.

#### Minnesota's Quota is Ten Thousand

(By United Press)

St. Paul, June 1.—Ten thousand more Minnesota drafted men have been called to leave for Camp Grant, Illinois, during the five day period, starting June 24. This is the second largest draft call from Minnesota since the war began. The individual county quotas will be announced on Tuesday. Exclusive of these 20,000 men have already left for camp.

#### 884 Minnesotans Called For Technical Training

(By United Press)

St. Paul, June 1.—Minnesota will furnish 884 of the 24,674 men to be given special technical training.

#### 24,174 High School Graduates Wanted for Military Training

(By United Press)

Washington, June 1.—Another step in our policy toward military training was revealed when the war department issued a call for twenty-four thousand one hundred and seventy four young men with grammar school education to qualify for educational training in technical and agricultural schools. They will be made up as far as possible from volunteers and the lack made up from the new draft.

#### All Industries Will Get Steel

(By United Press)

Washington, June 7.—The lesser essential industries will get steel. A high official of the war industries board indicated that the war needs of the government and the allies will take only 80 per cent of this year's output.

#### Fairbank's Condition is Very Grave

(By United Press)

Indianapolis, June 1.—The condition of former Vice President Charles Fairbanks is again very grave.

#### Madam, Don't Fear for Your Jackie or Your Soldier Son in New York City



This photograph shows Lieutenant Allan J. Winslow of Chicago standing beside the airplane in which he brought down the first German plane credited to an American flyer. Uncle Sam's planes bear as their insignia a hat within a ring as shown on the body of the plane.

#### FORM BOY BAND

BUY W. S. S.

A boys band in Brainerd seems an assured fact, for 39 have signed with Richard H. Rehl as instructor. To aid the proposition, F. S. Workman will give the Saturday afternoon performances of the Best theatre to the boys, the latter taking over the house selling tickets, doing usher work, etc.

This will give the boys' treasury a start. Tickets for the Saturday afternoon performances will be sold in blocks of ten.

These boys have signed to join the band: Lawrence Johnson, Ivan Prickett, Chester Carjale, Joe Dunn, Franklin Ebner, Ralph Peterson, Guy Warner, Donald Clark, Kenneth Nicholson, Harold Canfield, Lewis McCloskey, Clarence Alexander, Lloyd Lewis, Russell Hagberg, Wm. Opsahl, Fred Johnson, Clifford Smith, Emmet Carbine, Alfred Zahn, Albert Norstrom, Wallace Anderson, Lloyd Jones, Robert Hitch, Eugene Hitch, Alfred Lundmark, Leslie Gifford, Clayton Larson, Emil Englund, Leeland Avery, Everett Perrin, Stanley Quinn, John Willis, Harold Opsahl, James Mahlum, Fred Elling, Richard Sanger, Marvin Wood, Theodore Lundmark, Oscar Lee.

#### Make Successful Raid Destroy 38 Dugouts

(By United Press)

Washington, June 1.—General Pershing reported a successful raid by American troops against the German lines yesterday in the Woivre region, destroying 38 dugouts and killing 20 of the enemy and capturing machine guns.

#### Germans Outnumber Allies Four to One

(By United Press)

With the British Afield, June 1.—A general returned from the firing line says the enemy are four to one numerically.

#### Local Fighting in Picardy Area

(By United Press)

London, June 1.—General Haig reported local fighting in the Picardy area resulting to British advantage.

#### SIR WILLIAM MANNING.

Has been appointed to the governorship of Ceylon.



Gen. Sir William Manning who has been captain general of Jamaica since 1913, has been appointed to the governorship of Ceylon. The position is regarded as one of the best in the British diplomatic service. Sir William is no stranger to America, his former position at Jamaica often bringing him to this country.

#### THRONE IS IN DANGER

Serious Disorders in Bohemia Worry Austria.

City Officials Are Slain, Newspaper Offices Looted and Public Buildings Set on Fire.

London, June 1.—Bohemian riots and disorder of all kinds are rapidly on the increase.

At Chosen crowds exasperated by police brutality set fire to the barracks and city hall, where the mounted police were lodged. Eight of the officers were burned to death. At Kolin the people pulled down the Austrian flag and raised the Bohemian flag.

Public buildings have been burned at Tabor and other towns in Bohemia and in Olmutz, Moravia.

At Prague the offices of the German newspapers, the Zeitung and Neuste Nachrichten, were sacked.

The Prague correspondent of the Stuttgart Neueste Nachrichten telegraphed to his paper that the events of last Sunday at Prague exceeded all the previous demonstrations.

The Neue Freie Press of Vienna appeals to all conservative elements for the preservation of the Austrian state, asserting that "only the tenacity and union of those who desire the preservation of the state can make the monarchy survive this great crisis."

The Croatian press reports that martial law has been proclaimed in Bosnia, that rioting has occurred in various towns and that the Italo-Slave entente is daily becoming stronger.

#### RAID ON GERMAN TRENCHES

Americans Destroy Defenses and Inflict Losses On Enemy.

Washington, June 1.—A Successful American raid in the Woivre sector, in which the enemy's advanced positions were destroyed and losses inflicted in killed, wounded and prisoners is reported in General Pershing's communique.

The dispatch follows: "In the course of a raid executed this morning by our troops on the Woivre, our technical detachments destroyed the enemy's advanced positions. At the same time our raiding party inflicted losses in killed, wounded and prisoners.

"In Lorraine, artillery fighting has diminished.

"There is nothing to report from the other sectors occupied by our troops.

"Early in the day our aviators shot down a hostile machine."

#### British and French Still Hold Rheims, Violent Fighting Near Soissons

(By United Press)

Paris, June 1.—An official statement says the Germans have reached and occupy a thirteen mile front on the north bank of the Marne between the Chateau-Thierry and Verneuil. They have failed to force a crossing of the river at any point. The British and French still hold Rheims.

There has been fighting of the most violent character on the left flank of Soissons where the French hurled the Germans back upon the Olse river. There the French recaptured Chaudin and Viezy and took several hundred prisoners. Sharp fighting is progressing along the road from Dormans to Rheims and the right flank.

#### No Disguising Fact Military Situation Serious, Says London

BY ED L. KEEN.

(Staff Correspondent, United Press)

London, June 1.—There is no disguising the fact the military situation is very serious. Not only on account of the fact the Germans have advanced twenty-eight miles in five days, but they have a large number of fresh reserves. Until it is known where these reserves will be used, the situation will cause great anxiety. The transport of the allied reserves is working smoothly, and they have plenty to check the German advance and with every hope to hold the enemy to very little more progress. Besides the general objective of crushing the British and French armies, the enemy has three objectives, separating the French and British armies, capturing the channel ports and capturing Amiens and Paris. It is impossible to tell for which of these he will use the German reserves.

#### German Commanders Trying to Deceive Allies

(By United Press)

With the British Afield, June 1.—While the Prussian armies are thrusting across the country traversed in 1914 drunk with success of the first phase of the battle, the German commanders are making every effort to deceive the allies regarding the further turnings of the offensive. Some prisoners claim one thing, some another, and probably all are primed to deceive their captors. Some say the Rheims blow is the real thing, others say the main blow is yet to come, while others say the Ypres offensive will be the chief. It is likely the allied commanders have a general knowledge of the German plans and are acting accordingly.

#### Americans Hold Captured Village

(By United Press)

With the Americans in Picardy, June 1.—Americans are tenaciously holding Cantigny in the face of desperate attempts to retake it. They have proven they are as good holding territory as taking it, and have again secured French praise.

#### French Holding Fast at the Marne

(By United Press)

With the French on the Marne, June 1.—The French are still holding every bridge head and passage across the Marne. As a result of this determined resistance the Germans are apparently withdrawing from the edge of the river bank to the plateau above the river valley where they are attempting to advance westward.

#### Casualty List

(By United Press)

Washington, June 1.—Gen. Pershing reported 57 casualties.

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Glasses Fitted Correctly  
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**D. E. WHITNEY**  
Funeral Director  
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We want the women of this community to realize the meaning of an association with this bank.

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**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**  
BRAINERD, MINN.  
INTEREST PAID ON TIME AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS

### THE WEATHER

#### Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours:

Warmer, showers probable.  
Cooperative observer's record, at 7 p. m.:  
May 31—Maximum 79, minimum 61. Reading in evening, 64. Cloudy. South wind. Rainfall 0.16 inch.  
June 1—Minimum for the night, 57.

### LOCAL NEWS NOTES

News of Parties, Visitors, Visits, Deaths, Accidents, Etc., gratefully received by the Dispatch. Telephone North-west 74.

Clark's for your wall paper. 251tf  
Fred Drexler went to Bemidji this afternoon.

C. W. Eastman went to Niaswa this afternoon.

For Spring Water phone 264. tf  
Miss Signe Beck went to Duluth this afternoon.

Peter Newman of Little Falls was in the city today.

Crystal Spring water, \$1.00 month. L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m  
The Duluth noon train was forty minutes late today.

Miss Lottie Sumey went to Little Falls this afternoon.

Minnows for sale, 309 Third Ave. N. E., Phone 999-J. 287tf

Miss Esther Anderson went to St. Cloud this afternoon.

Mrs. J. H. Ross went to Belle Prairie this afternoon.

Eyes examined, glasses fitted. Dr. E. E. Long, Ransford Bldg. 179tf

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Farrar went to Shakopee this afternoon.

Mrs. Prosper Arnold went to Staples today to visit relatives.

Mrs. E. E. Long is a guest of friends in Duluth Sunday.

Buy your cement blocks of Ritari. Let us bid on your job. 276-1m

Mrs. George E. Lowe and son Dean will visit in Duluth Sunday.

Miss Leona Holst has returned from a visit in Minneapolis.

Henry White famous Asparagus, Brockway & Parker, sole agents. 285tf

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hanson and baby went to Pillager this afternoon.

Miss Clara Colmer of Pequot went to Minneapolis this afternoon.

Highhouse famous asparagus, best ever, 16c per bunch. Try one. O'Brien Mercantile Co. 266tf

Miss Susie Hanson, teacher of the Whittier, went to Battle Lake today.

D. M. Clark & Co. sharpen and repair lawn mowers. 290tf

Miss Jeanette Qualee went to St. Paul today for a couple of week's visit.

Rev. E. G. Carlson went to Wadena this afternoon where he will officiate at the funeral of Mrs. Anna Olson Krupp, Brainerd lady who passed away Thursday morning. Don't rent—Buy. See Nettleton. 292tf

Mrs. Carrie Giles and daughter, Mildred and son, Richard, returned Brainerd last night after spending a week visiting at the home of her brother, J. Bieslar, and family.—Bemidji Daily Pioneer.

Capitalize your leisure time this summer. Be ready when fall comes to give your Uncle Sam the expert help he so badly needs. Our Summer school, both day and evening, is the one solution. Show your loyalty by getting particulars. Brainerd Commercial College. It

C. D. Stewart of Tacoma, Wash., is visiting his cousin, Mrs. Roy Strader of 1206 South Sixth street. The past eighteen years he has been employed as a printer on the coast, having worked on the Tacoma Tribune. He is a Minnesota man who yearned to come back home and he expects to find employment at his vocation in Minneapolis.

Sunday afternoon a class of fifty-eight candidates will be initiated by the Knights of Columbus council at Little Falls. The classes will be put through the first two degrees by a team from St. Cloud and a team from Minneapolis will put the class through the third degree. Delegations from Brainerd, St. Cloud, Melrose and Staples are expected to attend the initiation. A banquet will be served at Laurin's hall by the Woman's guild. —BUY W. S. S.—

True Selfhood.

To earnestly and consistently believe that everything and all is by the Self and of the Self and for the Self and to believe that Self is essentially perfect, all-pervading, all-containing, all-including, means the beginning of the true and lasting realization of every hope. There would be no more power apart from self to fear, to hinder or to help. It would mean the end of judgment and condemnation of others. No more hatred, envy, jealousy, hypocrisy, malice or greed; no regrets of the past nor fears of the future could longer endure. Man would be reconciled with himself and consequently with all, for the Self is One. He would come to regard all things as working together for good. All abnormal stress would be removed from his life; all unnatural strain and friction relieved. Restlessness and strife would gradually disappear and the sun of righteousness would arise with healing in his wings.—From Selfhood by G. Rupert Lesch.

Mrs. George D. LaBar and Miss Ella Mitchell are visiting in Minneapolis.

For bargains in houses and lots, see J. R. Smith, Sleeper Block. 226tf  
Miss Lucy Jelinek, Brainerd teacher will spend her vacation in New Prague.

Henry White famous Asparagus, Brockway & Parker, sole agents. 285tf

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hagadorn of Silvas, Ill., are here visiting relatives.

Miss Hanna Redy, Brainerd teacher six years, went to Litchfield this afternoon.

Miss Amy Freberg, Brainerd teacher five years, went to Moorhead this afternoon.

Rev. P. G. Mueller and family leave today for Chicago. Rev. Mueller's father died yesterday.

Highhouse famous asparagus, best ever, 16c per bunch. Try one. O'Brien Mercantile Co. 266tf

Mrs. M. Bossus went to Oriska, N. D., today where she will bid goodbye to her brother who has enlisted.

For a first class job of Oxy-Acetylene welding go to Herbert Peterson at the Woodhead Motor Co. garage. 13tf

Miss Madeline Bolduc of Minneapolis is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Lewis Harrison at the Iron Exchange hotel.

Mrs. G. P. Curran, guest of relatives in the city, returned this afternoon to her home in Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Arthur Johnson of Bemidji passed through Brainerd today to visit her sister, Mrs. Alva Alden of Staples.

Nettleton sells homes on your terms. 266tf

Miss Hattie Sager leaves Sunday for Glenora and will also visit her home in Chatfield during her summer vacation.

Mrs. William Inzell and niece Florence Mohler of Crosby spend Saturday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alvia Mohler.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Levin of Minneapolis were Brainerd visitors. Mr. Levin is a brother-in-law of Richard H. Rehl. He is the head of a large furniture factory in the Mill City.

Your health and the health of your children is endangered by dirty, unsanitary rugs. Let Olson clean them the sanitary way. Phone 975. 292tf

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The first intimation congress had that it was going to be requested to stay in session and pass another revenue bill was published in a New York paper. Leader Kitchin was trying to get unanimous consent for the consideration of the Overman bill and was interrupted by Congressman Hicks of New York, who inquired of the majority leader if he was as optimistic as a week or two previous, when he said congress ought to adjourn by July 1.

"If what I saw in a New York paper today is true," replied Kitchin, "saying that we shall have to bring in a new revenue bill, we shall probably get away from here in time to cast a vote, if we do not live too far away."

"Does the New York paper control the situation?" asked Congressman Garner of Texas.

"No," replied Kitchin; "the gentleman must have been sleeping when I made my remark, for I said 'If it is true.'"

"Has the administration said anything to the chairman of the committee on ways and means about a revenue bill this session?" continued Garner.

To Kitchin's reply of "No," Garner suggested that it was not likely that the need of a revenue bill would be told to a newspaper before information was conveyed to the man who would prepare the bill, and Kitchin replied: "I have known some administrations of late to confer with newspaper men and tell them what ought to be done long before any member of congress was told."

There was an amusing exchange in the senate a short time ago between Senator King of Utah and Senator McKellar of Tennessee. McKellar was talking and King interrupted and made a remark about prophets and mentioned Malachi as the last of the prophets. "I am sure the senator does not refer to me as a contemporary of the prophet Malachi," remarked McKellar.

Then a little later McKellar said that King reminded him of Daniel Webster, which King said was a great tribute and he would be pleased to live in history with the great Massachusetts

statesman. McKellar's comparison was not altogether complimentary, for King was opposing an appropriation for airplane mail service between Washington and New York, and McKellar said it reminded him of Webster's opposition to appropriating money for improvements of the West, because, he asserted, "there was nothing beyond the Mississippi worth improving."

Senator Dillingham of Vermont is one of the "elder statesmen" now, only nine senators having served longer than he. Dillingham occupies good committee assignments which are often considered quasi-judicial, as they determine many legal questions. They are judiciary, foreign relations, and privileges and elections. There are always senators whom others lean upon for legal counsel and sage advice. The Vermont senator is one of that kind.

As the gentle breezes of spring are wafted in through windows at the capitol, congressmen begin to feel the thrill of inspiration. Headlines over their speeches, those "leave-to-print" speeches in the back of the Congressional Record, furnish the proof. Ordinarily these headlines are dull things, duller even than the speeches, but lately they have been growing more emotional. "A Letter From France," is the way one of them reads. "Shoot the Spies" is another. And the best one so far, one that shows real genius and would make a great title for one of those mournful popular songs, reads "The Shame of a Disappointing Pension Bill."

Africa No Longer Isolated.

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MAKE UNIQUE GIFTS TO THE RED CROSS

Striking Examples of Personal Sacrifices Seen in Some Recent Contributions.

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Mrs. Ella J. Harvey, Minnoka, Ill., has given an antique lamp which was found in a tomb in Ur of the Chaldees, the Mesopotamian city from which Abraham journeyed to the promised land. The lamp was brought to this country and given to Mrs. Harvey's mother by a niece who had been a missionary to Turkey.

The lamp is of pottery and about three and one half inches long, resembling the lamps told about in the story of the foolish virgins. It evidently is several thousand years old. Mrs. Harvey sent it to Central Division headquarters to be sold and the proceeds used by the Red Cross.

The second gift is a Mormon coin, issued in 1849 and said to be one of only two now in existence or circulation. Mr. W. P. Davis, of Southerland,

# A BIG SALE SATURDAY

On Coats and Suits at

**Murphy's**  
THE STORE OF QUALITY



See Our Windows.

## HUSKY BEST NAME FOR OUR SOLDIERS

GIVEN HIM BY THE ENGLISH, IT SEEMS TO FIT HIM BETTER THAN DOES "SAMMY."

BESIDES, HE PREFERS IT

Amusing Exchange of Compliments Between Senators King and McKellar—"Elder Statesman" Dillingham Looked to for Much Legal Counsel.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—It would not be at all surprising if America should adopt the nickname which the English have given our soldiers. The term "Huskies" seems to fit very well the fine, solid and substantial-looking men that now make up the American army. Anyone who has been around the training camps or has seen the soldiers marching through the streets, or riding on the railroad cars, or in any place where their solid and substantial forms are in sight, cannot help thinking of them as mighty husky fellows.

There has been quite an undercurrent of objection to the term "Sammy," the appellation which some have attempted to apply to American troops abroad. It is well-known in the war department and among army officers generally that the designation was not altogether pleasing to the soldiers. They believe the average soldier will much prefer to be called a "Husky" rather than a "Sammy." More than that, the army men believe that when the time comes the Germans will be made to appreciate just what our "Huskies" can do, either in the way of defense or attack.

The first intimation congress had that it was going to be requested to stay in session and pass another revenue bill was published in a New York paper. Leader Kitchin was trying to get unanimous consent for the consideration of the Overman bill and was interrupted by Congressman Hicks of New York, who inquired of the majority leader if he was as optimistic as a week or two previous, when he said congress ought to adjourn by July 1.

"If what I saw in a New York paper today is true," replied Kitchin, "saying that we shall have to bring in a new revenue bill, we shall probably get away from here in time to cast a vote, if we do not live too far away."

"Does the New York paper control the situation?" asked Congressman Garner of Texas.

"No," replied Kitchin; "the gentleman must have been sleeping when I made my remark, for I said 'If it is true.'"

"Has the administration said anything to the chairman of the committee on ways and means about a revenue bill this session?" continued Garner.

To Kitchin's reply of "No," Garner suggested that it was not likely that the need of a revenue bill would be told to a newspaper before information was conveyed to the man who would prepare the bill, and Kitchin replied: "I have known some administrations of late to confer with newspaper men and tell them what ought to be done long before any member of congress was told."

There was an amusing exchange in the senate a short time ago between Senator King of Utah and Senator McKellar of Tennessee. McKellar was talking and King interrupted and made a remark about prophets and mentioned Malachi as the last of the prophets. "I am sure the senator does not refer to me as a contemporary of the prophet Malachi," remarked McKellar.

Then a little later McKellar said that King reminded him of Daniel Webster, which King said was a great tribute and he would be pleased to live in history with the great Massachusetts

statesman. McKellar's comparison was not altogether complimentary, for King was opposing an appropriation for airplane mail service between Washington and New York, and McKellar said it reminded him of Webster's opposition to appropriating money for improvements of the West, because, he asserted, "there was nothing beyond the Mississippi worth improving."

Senator Dillingham of Vermont is one of the "elder statesmen" now, only nine senators having served longer than he. Dillingham occupies good committee assignments which are often considered quasi-judicial, as they determine many legal questions. They are judiciary, foreign relations, and privileges and elections. There are always senators whom others lean upon for legal counsel and sage advice. The Vermont senator is one of that kind.

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## REFRIGERATORS!

A refrigerator is so closely connected with the health of every person concerned that each buyer should know what he is getting when he selects one.

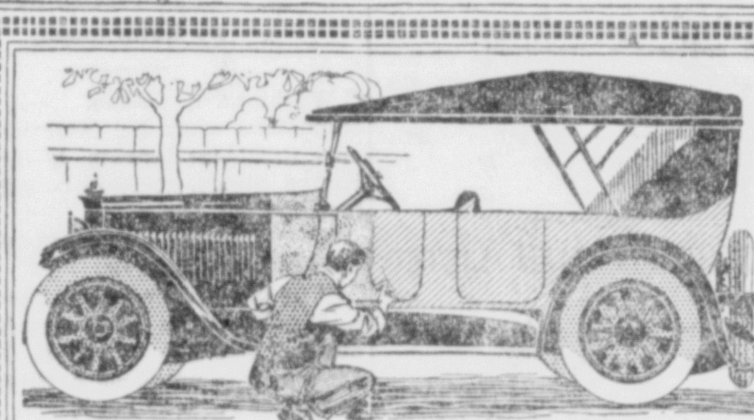
The points of importance in every refrigerator are the Lining, Insulation and the Circulation of Air.

We can guarantee these points to be of the best in our refrigerators. Let us show you our refrigerators, we have them in price from \$16 to \$45. All sizes.

## Slipp-Gruenhagen Co.

The Store of Dependable Hardware

N. W. 104 T. S. 332



## Refinish Your Car the Berry Way

YOU can produce a show room finish on your car at a nominal expense with

**BERRY BROTHERS' Auto Color Varnishes**

and be your own finisher—no skilled help is required.

These auto varnishes are made in all the standard colors and black and white, so that you can get exactly the color combination you prefer with quick service and no finisher's bill to pay.

By adopting the "Berry" way instead of sending your car to the repair shop you can get a fine finish and perhaps save enough on the operation to buy a liberty bond.

Come in and get an illustrated folder giving color combinations and quantities of material required, and simple directions for the amateur finisher.

WHITE BROS.

(529)

## New Garage

General Repairing. Big Wash Rack Installed. Cleans Cars Quickly.

TIBBETTS & DULLUM

613 Norwood St. S. BRAINERD

## BRAINERD OIL CO.

Of St. Cloud

GASOLINE AND KEROSENE AT WHOLESALE

Call 302-L, 913 S. 7th St.

WM. BOURQUIN & SON

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

## WOMAN'S REALM

## MEAT SUBSTITUTE

Brainerd Public Market Will Sell Cottage Cheese to be Used as a Substitute

In endeavoring to bring about a more general use of cottage cheese as a meat substitute, in this city, the publicity committee on food conservation is in a position to inform the ladies of Brainerd that the manager of the Public Market, Mr. Hurley, is willing to keep the cottage cheese for sale provided he can be assured that a sufficient number of ladies will buy it regularly of him. He would like to have every lady who will do so, send in, or telephone her name. This will give him a basis upon which to estimate the necessary supply. It will also determine whether it is worth while to give any more time to this phase of food conservation work. Of course, it is evident that the time might be more profitably spent, if no results worth mentioning follow. The object of this work is not to compel anyone to eat cottage cheese but to urge its use where possible, in place of meat. If it is not being used as a meat substitute it really matters little whether it is used or not, as it does not affect the conservation of meat, which is the object of the U. S. government in suggesting its use. Then to determine as soon as may be, what the possibilities are, seems a wise course to pursue.

While the price of the cottage cheese is not definitely fixed, a tentative price of 20c per pound to the consumer was suggested by Mr. Hurley. The promptness with which the housewives respond will determine how soon he will be able to locate a supply. These little verses by Kipling seem apropos at this time, not only with regard to our army, but every necessary war activity.

## TEAM WORK

It ain't guns nor armament,  
Nor funds that they can pay,  
But the close cooperation  
That makes them win the day.

It ain't the individuals  
Nor the army as a whole,  
But the everlasting team work  
Of every bloomin' soul.

It has just been learned that the Model Creamery is making cottage cheese.

## —MAKE W.S.S. PLEDGES—

## UNION MEMORIAL SERVICE

Swedish Lutheran and Norwegian Danish Lutheran Churches in Joint Service Sunday

The Swedish Lutheran and the Norwegian Danish Lutheran churches will celebrate Memorial day Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. As this is a day sacred to the memory of their dead, and a day of public humiliation and prayers, it is hoped all members will be present.

The following program will be given at the Swedish Lutheran church:

Song,  
Scripture reading and prayer.  
Song.  
Address by Rev. Elov G. Carlson.  
Song.  
Address by Rev. A. Sorenson.  
Song.  
Benediction.

## —MAKE W.S.S. PLEDGES—

## ALLOTMENT CARDS

Mrs. Irma Camp Hartley and Assistants Complete Compilation for W. S. Stamps

Mrs. Irma Hartley has just completed making out the allotment cards for the coming War Saving Stamp drive. This entailed much hard work as a card was necessary for every person to be solicited. She was assisted by the following: Ethel Stanley, Serrie Anderson, Fern Clarke, Ona Stanley and Ruth Anderson.

## —MAKE W.S.S. PLEDGES—

EXAMINE YOUR INNER SELF  
Possibly There May Be Machinery There That Can Be Utilized to Good Purpose.

Strange forces give men purpose and jar them into action. Love, pride, sorrow, fear—all sorts of hidden feelings are responsible for the shaking of men out of ruts and into fields of undreamed of achievement. More than one big success finds its real origin in the personal disappointment of some man—perhaps over a college education he couldn't get, or a toy he couldn't afford, or a trip he was not able to make. Of course some men are downed by such emotions, but others are made by them.

Most men have perfectly good boilers in them, and fine equipment. But so many never get up steam and go anywhere! They don't want to go anywhere. They just stand still—waiting for a call from within to "get a move on." The call is likely to come any time. If your call is late in coming, why not ring up your inner self and ask him if he can't think of some place he would like to go? It's a shame to have all that expensive machinery and not use it.—American Magazine.

## CHILDREN'S DAY PROGRAM

To be Given at the Methodist Church Sunday Evening, June 2, at 8 O'Clock

This Children's Day program will be given at the Methodist church on Sunday evening, June 2nd, at 8 o'clock:

Piano selection, Miss Dorothy Fisher.  
Song by all, No. 179, "Saviour Like a Shepherd Lead Us."  
Prayer, Rev. F. W. Hill.  
Song by all, No. 153, "What a Friend We Have in Jesus."  
Announcements and Offerings.  
Scripture lesson, Clayton Larson.  
Recitation, "The Master and the Children," Dorothy Smith.  
Children's Day is Here, Lucille Finlay, Alice Kurz, Ada Denison, Cleah Mayo.  
Glad June Days, Raymond Anderson.

Song, "So May We" Bernice Benson, Margaret Benson, Sylvia Foster, Augusta Welsh.

For-get-me-Nots, Marjorie Forsberg.  
Recitations, Oris Larson, Wm. Rodenkirchen, Ralph Anderson.

If You have a Message, Helen Lammon, Meriam Michael, Margaret Bouma.

Recitations, Fern Hodgson, Lydia Welsh.

God Will Understand, Fern Lowe.  
Little Flowers: Jackie Kylo, captain, Milford Kurz, Violets, John Bouma, Geraniums, Amy Marken, Rosebuds Robert Denison, Lilies, Evelyn Loom, Pansies, Dorothy Rodenkirchen, Buttercups, Lylal Mayo; Dandelions, Robert Bacon; Daisies, Walter Kurz, Lilies.

Recitation, "Children are Like Sunshine," Dolphine Winter.

Violin solo, Meriam Michael.

Recitation, Marie Hagadorn.

Johnny Jump Up, Wallace Anderson, Kenneth Bouma, Kenneth Hodgson.

Song, "Tiny Lambs" Sylvia Foster, Augusta Welsh.

Recitations, Bessie Leek, Emma Finlay, Margaret Peterson.

Rose Drill and song, Margaret Bacon, Augusta Welsh, Margaret Bouma, Meriam Michael, Helen Lammon, Sylvia Foster, Bernice Benson, Dolphine Winter.

A Little Boy's Thoughts, John Fisher.

Lambs of the Flock, Dana Peterson, Dorothy Leek, Dorothy Winter.

It is Children's Day, Chester Brown, Raymond Anderson, Floyd Marken.

This is the Way, Alice Kurz, Lydia Welsh, Lucille Finlay, Fern Hodgson, Dorothy Winter, Cleah Mayo, Dana Peterson.

Let the Lower Lights be Burning, Mildred Brown, Gladys Benson, Margaret Peterson, Emma Finlay, Bessie Leek, Violet Peterson, Dorothy Smith, Violet Marken, Ethel Jorgenson.

Song by all, No. 274, "America", Benediction.

Pianist Mrs. Arthur Kurz.

—BUY W. S. S.—

## AT CLUTE SCHOOL

Red Cross Program Realizes Neat Sum for the Junior Red Cross

A Red Cross program given at the Clute school, district No. 8 at Fort Ripley on May 30, was a complete success. The room was filled to its greatest capacity.

The play given by the ladies of the district was very pleasing to all. Many thanks is extended to each one for having done her part so willingly and promptly. The children of the school also did very well.

Diplomas were given to Stella Magan and Ina Anderson.

H. F. Michael of Brainerd gave a short but very interesting talk on W. S. stamps.

\$55.75 was realized and the net proceeds go to the Junior Red Cross.

—MAKE W.S.S. PLEDGES—

Confucian Precept.  
If doing what ought to be done be made the first business and success a secondary consideration—is not this the way to exalt virtue?—Confucius.

—BUY W. S. S.—  
IF WOMEN ONLY KNEW

What a Heap of Happiness it Would Bring to Brainerd Homes

Hard to do housework with an aching back.

Brings you hours of misery at leisure or at work.

If women only knew the cause—that

Backache pains often come from weak kidneys.

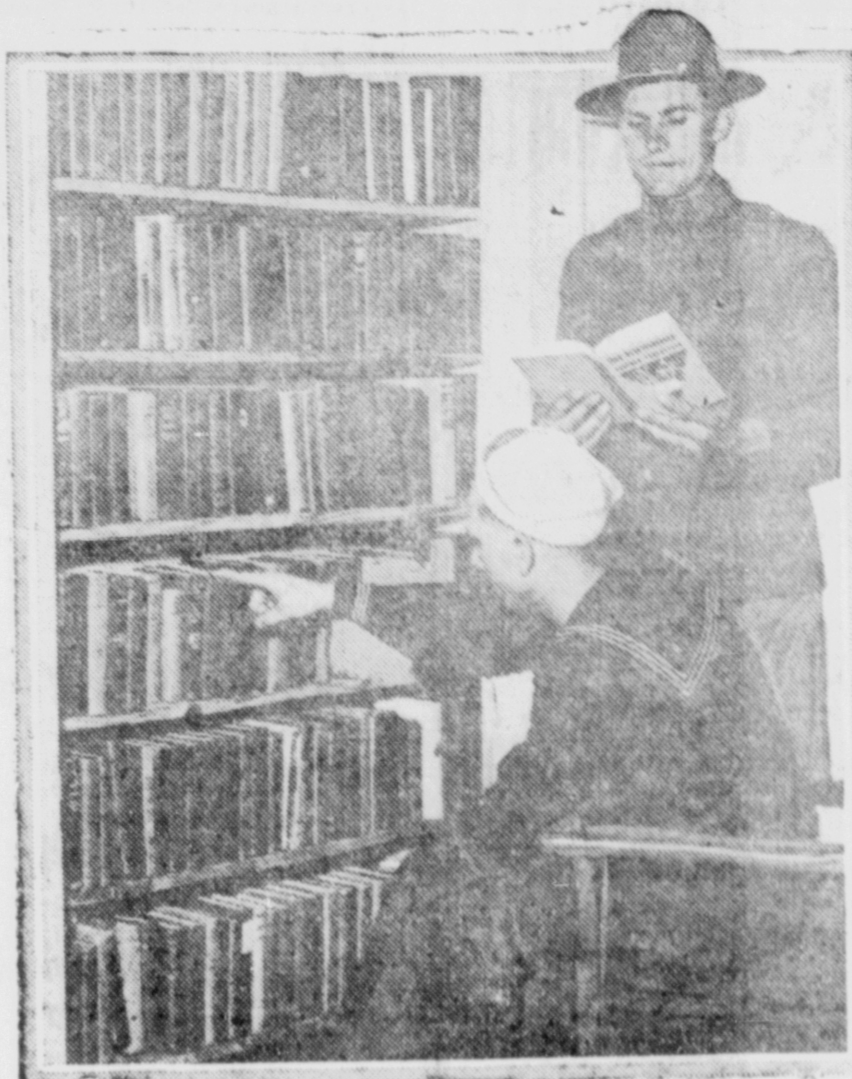
'Twould save much needless woe. Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Read what a Brainerd citizen says:

Mrs. J. P. Koeppl, 409 S. Ninth St., says: "I had considerable trouble with my kidneys and at times I found it almost impossible to do my housework as my back would be so lame and painful. My kidneys acted irregularly and too frequently. I tried Doan's Kidney Pills and it was no time before I got relief. Whenever I feel my kidneys require attention I use Doan's Kidney Pills and they always bring the desired results."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Koeppl had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

## First American to Bring Down German Plane



This photograph proves to mothers of soldiers or sailors who go from smaller towns and cities, where the wickedness of New York is accepted as a fact, that every effort is made to care for them. The War Camp Community Service has several large establishments like the one in which

this picture was taken. The boys on leave may sleep there for 25 cents a night and get their meals at a nominal price. The library is a favorite place for them and they are encouraged to spend their time in it rather than on the streets

## AMUSEMENTS

## At the Best Tomorrow

Norma Talmadge comes to the Best theatre tomorrow in the title role of "De Luxe Annie," her latest Select picture, which is still registering a distinct success as a stage play in many of the largest cities. The picture was adapted for the screen by Paul West from the play by Edward Clark, and directed by Roland West. Surpassing even her supreme characterizations in "Ghosts of Yesterday" and "By Right of Purchase," this charming Select star has inspired her countless admirers to new enthusiasm for her portrayal of the heroine in "De Luxe Annie."

Julie Kendal, the loving wife of a devoted husband, is struck on the head and becomes an aphasia victim. While in this condition, she becomes the confederate of Jimmy Fitzpatrick in the operation of the de-luxe-book variation of the old badger game.

Ignorant of his real purpose, she evades the detective whom her husband had retained to trace her, and subconsciously flees to the little town in which the summer home of the Kendals is situated. There a surprising but altogether logical chain of events brings her to the house, where her husband and his friend, Dr. Niblo, meet her and her confederate.

An operation restores her memory, and with it, the happy family life which had blessed the home of the Kendals before the catastrophe.

—MAKE W.S.S. PLEDGES—  
SMART GARRISON CAP MODEL



This officer's garrison cap, made in black Milan, banded with embroidered satin ribbon and crowned with a wreath of pink roses, shows what beauty can be worked into a military fashion.

## IN FASHION LAND

Lace is being used profusely. A new two color coat is very chic. Country frocks are made of linen. New parasols are edged with fringe. Belts and sashes are made of ribbon. Shawl collars appear on the new coats.

Black lace over white is greatly worn.

Sweaters are being knit from baby ribbon.

Satin is very fashionable for spring frocks.

Blue serge is frequently embroidered in red.

There seems to be a revived interest in color.

Cinnamon brown is a fashionable color for hats.

## FADS "OVER THERE"

Reviving Skirt With Ankle Slit—The Sugar Chatelaine.

Tiny Case Is Used to Carry the Very Scarce Sweet—Tin Helmets With Brims of Straw.

The wool shortage works out differently in London and New York apparently, for word comes recently that English women are reviving the skirt with an ankle slit. Skirts must of necessity be of scanty dimensions, and one simply cannot wear a skirt that is only a yard and a half wide and hope to walk with ease. Hence the slit, states a fashion correspondent. Five years ago the slit skirt was undoubtedly merely a freak of fashion. We didn't have to wear such narrow skirts. But now, apparently, it has come back in London as a matter of necessity, if not of actual patriotism. Here, of course, we manage, as we think, more cleverly. We combine wool with silk and other fabrics in a way that makes it possible to have the minimum of wool in our frocks, without a skirt so narrow as to make the slit inevitable.

During the sugar shortage last winter there were some hostesses who added a line bearing the words "Please bring your own sugar" to their cards sent out to invite friends to afternoon tea. At least one woman, who was particularly frank, resorted to this device when her own sugar supply had been reduced to zero. But that is so long ago, and so remote now is any actual famine in sugar, that we have forgotten all about it. It seems now as if wheat was the only thing that we had ever had to conserve. However, in France, and to a certain extent in England, sugar is still a scarce article. In parts of France there simply isn't any. It isn't a question of conservation there, for how can you conserve that of which you have positively none?

When there is any sugar it is prized as were costly spices from the Indies prized in the days when to seek a short route to such prizes was sufficient incentive to make Christopher Columbus brave the unknown seas. French people never knew how much they liked sweets until now. And among the most recently produced "vanity" accessories for the fashionable woman's chatelaine is a tiny sugar case. It is carried to tea parties. Presumably, the woman fortunate enough to have a supply of sugar profits thereby and drops it into her own tea, while those about her go without. Or perhaps she takes the sugar box with her so that she may share her good fortune with those with whom she drinks tea.

Just why the women of England should feel constrained to wear tin hats it is hard to see. Surely there is no demand for straw in war work? So in using tin they are not effecting any sort of conservation. These helmets are made in all sorts of colors, and, strange to say, are extremely light—really lighter than the average crown made of straw. The tin helmet is combined with a brim of straw or fabric, to make hats of various shapes and sizes.

## The All-Georgette Frock.

The all-georgette frock, especially in some serviceable color, is one of the best investments, sartorially, that a woman can make, an authority states. The material wears splendidly, if a good quality is selected, and for summer such a gown is very cool and delightful, and always dressy and smart.

## ALLIES DEMAND MORE CEREALS

American Meat Restrictions Relaxed to Effect Greater Wheat Savings.

## ARGENTINE ARRIVALS SHORT.

Meat Supply Here Considerably Enlarged — Food Administration, However, Warns Against Waste.

The allies have made further and increased demands for breadstuffs, these enlarged demands being caused to some degree by shortage in arrivals from the Argentine. It is, therefore, necessary for the U. S. Food Administration to urge a still further reduction in the consumption of bread and breadstuffs generally if we are to meet our export necessities. The Food Administration has issued a statement explaining the situation in detail, particularly the reasons which lead it, for the purpose of centering effort for the time being upon the cereal situation to relax temporarily the restrictions on meat consumption.

Experience shows, this statement says, that the consumption of breadstuffs is intimately associated with the consumption of meat. For various reasons our supplies of meat for the next two or three months are considerably enlarged, and we can supply the allies with all of the meat products which transportation facilities render possible and at the same time somewhat increase our own consumption. In these circumstances the Food Administration considers it wise to relax the voluntary restrictions on meat consumption to some extent with a view to further decreasing bread consumption.

Conservation of food must be adjusted to meet necessities from time to time, for neither production, nor allied demands are constant factors, nor can any of these factors be anticipated for long periods in advance in the disturbed conditions in which we at present live. While the world situation is not one that warrants any relaxation in the efforts to eliminate waste or to relax economy in food, the Administration desires to secure better adjustment in food balances.

So long as the present conditions continue the only special restrictions

WHERE PRICE & QUALITY MEET —  
**Lammon's** BRAINERD MINN.  
THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE.

## Sick Room Supplies

Cotton, Bandages, Plasters, Supporters, Supporters, Surgical Needs. Do you suppose there is anything in sick-room needs that we do not have? We do not think so. So when such things are wanted come direct to US and do not fear being disappointed.

We ask are the beefless and porkless Tuesday.

The meatless meal and the porkless Saturday are no longer asked.

The farmers of the United States are responding to the national call to increase hog production. Their increase, to all appearances, is being attained more rapidly. Of more immediate importance, however, are several complex factors which have effected an immediate increase in meat supplies.

The transportation shortage before the government took over the railroads, the bad weather in January and early in February, the large percentage of immature corn in the last harvest and the necessity of feeding this corn as rapidly as possible to save it from decay, have not only resulted in backing up the animals—particularly hogs—on the farms for a longer period of feeding, but have resulted in a great increase in their average weight and will result, with improved transportation conditions, which already appear, in larger than normal arrivals at market for the next two or three months.

The weight of hogs coming to the market for the past two weeks indicates an increase in weight of from an average of 203 pounds last year to the almost unprecedented average of 232 pounds, or a net increase in their meat value of over 15 per cent. This is a distinct addition to the nation's meat supply. It therefore now seems certain that we have such enlarged supplies for at least

some months to come, that we can not only increase our exports to the allies to the full extent of their transportation facilities, but at the same time can properly increase our domestic consumption.

The response of the public to our requests for reduced consumption of meat during the past few months has been most gratifying, and this service alone has enabled the government during this period to provide such supplies as transportation to the allies permitted.

The Administration also suggests that in those parts of the country where the old fashioned home preservation of pork is still the custom, this practice should be extended at the present time, as it will relieve the burden upon transportation to and from the packing houses and is economically sound as saving the cost of packing operations and at the same time will provide home supplies of pork to last over the months of decreased supplies.

The Food Administration desires to repeat that it does not want to give the impression that these are times when simplicity and moderation of living are not critically necessary, but that its sole desire is to secure an adjustment between our different food supplies and meet changing conditions from time to time and to keep the public fully and frankly advised of its position with the full confidence and reliance that whenever it becomes necessary renewed appeals for saving will meet the same loyal response as in the past.

**BEST IN THE LONG RUN**

**SAFETY TREAD**

**Masters of America's Roads**

**FIGHTING** tires, which hurl their tough treads and sturdy muscular bodies against the road, and battle the roughest going with phenomenal mileage, are Goodrich Tested Tires. You foresee splendid service in their generous, masterful size, and they have proved it for you on the car and on the road.

For Goodrich Test Car Fleets have brought back from a road test, which ran the length of the continent and the year of 1917, a new standard for tires, the **Tested of—**

**GOODRICH TESTED TIRES**

Actual road roughing it thus proves the tire construction of SILVERTOWN CORDS, and BLACK SAFETY TREADS; proves that the spiral-wrapped, cable-cord tire body, and tough black tread rubber baffle the teeth of the road.

Get proven durability and dependability in the tires that mastered the roads of America in the 4,176,744 tire miles, traveled by the Test Car Fleets. Get tire economy and satisfaction in "America's Tested Tires."

Buy from Goodrich dealers, located everywhere.

**THE B. F. GOODRICH RUBBER COMPANY**

Duluth Branch: 401 E. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

**THE CITY OF GOODRICH - AKRON, OHIO**

**W.S.S.**

The War will be won with War Saving Stamps.

On sale at every Goodrich branch and depot.

Goodrich Tires Are For Sale in Brainerd at the  
**IMGRUND GARAGE, 309 S. 6th St.**

## THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll &amp; Wieland

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month, by carrier ..... \$ .50  
 Three Months, by carrier ..... 1.25  
 One Year, by carrier ..... 5.00  
 One Year, by mail, outside city ..... 4.00

Weekly Dispatch, per year ..... \$1.50  
 All subscriptions payable in advance

Advertising Rates Made Known on Application

Office in Dispatch Building, Sixth St. So.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter



SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1918.

## ADVERTISING PRICES INCREASED

Because of the abnormal conditions now prevailing in the printing business due to the war, we are compelled to announce an increase in advertising rates. All printing and publishing costs have advanced from 50 per cent to over 100 per cent, beside which living expenses have steadily increased, as everyone knows.

Therefore, beginning with June 1, 1918, the rate for display advertising will be 20 cents per inch for the first insertion, and 15 cents an inch for each additional insertion, and 25 cents an inch for transient display advertising. This is a flat rate and covers all display advertising, with the exception that all existing contracts will be continued at the old rate until contract expires. Special rates will be made on long time contracts.

Locals and readers will be 7 cents per printed line each insertion.

All legal advertisements are to be at full legal rates, viz: 75 cents per folio for the first insertion and 35 cents per folio for each subsequent insertion.

Political advertising will be charged for at the same rate as legal advertising.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND,  
 Publishers The Brainerd Dispatch.

## LET GEORGE DO IT

To "Let George do it" is a human weakness and is characteristic of no particular community. There are men and women everywhere who will neglect their own affairs in order to give time and effort to some activity or proposition calculated to improve conditions in the home town. This condition exists, always will exist and there will always be that class perfectly satisfied to "Let George do it."

Men support the Chamber of Commerce, for instance, for the good of the general community. Others fall in this support, but will be the first ones to point with pride to well-appointed club rooms and active efforts expended for the common weal, when a visitor comes to their home town. "There are our club rooms, we are doing good work in our club we think and all community activities center here," a man was recently heard to say to a friend from the city with whom he visited the Chamber of Commerce rooms. But this same man was not a member of the club, did not contribute a dollar to its support and was perfectly satisfied in "letting George do it," yet he took a pride in visiting the rooms and relating to his friend "what our club is doing." And "George" paid the fiddler.

The war is weighing men and women in the balance of actual effort and self-denial. No longer can men or women "get by" with letting "George" do all the work. Their lack of participation in a community activity calculated to help win the war is known. Their standing in the community is based upon what they are actually doing and idle words, boasts and false representations will no longer go with the public. Men and women who are carrying the load well deserve public approval for the same. And they will receive it. As for the slackers in community life, they are like the ostrich which buries its head in the sand; for if "George does it" he is bound to receive a 100% credit from people who count in the long run.

It is discouraging, sometimes, to hear contemptible, false and cowardly criticisms from slackers and idle gossips but when the source is considered and the fact is appreciated that such gossip and criticism are but a weak attempt to cover up the every day life of the slacker himself, the men and women who are loyally doing things should smile and, be charitable.

Yes, "Let George do it" prevails in the land to a certain extent but is becoming less popular day by day. "George" can smile and keep right on with the personal satisfaction that honest effort never lost out. Nor will it in the time to come.

## ROAD WORK

Kentucky will pay its prisoners who work on the road \$1.50 a day in place of \$1, as a result of the highly successful experiments during 1916 and 1917. A recommendation for extending the system is made by Nat. B. Sewell, state inspector and examiner, in a report just made to Governor Stanley, and he also urges employment of several hundred more prisoners and increasing the price paid for the labor.

In spite of the experimental nature of the work and the fact that conditions in some counties were very unfavorable, the state made a net profit of \$600. Fewer guards and better business organizations will, according to the report, greatly increase the profit of the state from this labor, even at the low price of \$1 a day.

Other reports made to the National Committee on Prisons and Prison Labor show that the war is resulting in a greater use of prison labor in road building all over the United States.

Nine additional prison road camps will be established in Missouri, where the price of the labor of the prisoners is fixed at \$1.50 a day, and where the men work without guards. The state highway department reports that the percentage of escapes from honor road camps is less than that over the walls at the prison. Prisoners can not be supplied to the private contractors.

## SACRIFICE U. S. INCONVENIENCE

The inauguration of another loan through the agency of the War Savings stamps reminds us that the war is costing real money. But more is needed and must be raised.

Some people already speak of what they have given and loaned as a sacrifice. This is not true except in a few cases. Many people are inconvenienced by their loaning but sacrifices are, as yet, very few. They will doubtless be loaned later if this struggle continues but to date it is merely inconvenience.

The government intends that it inconvenience us. This is necessary. We must save and deny ourselves if the industries of the country produce all that is needed for our armies. Civilians demands must be secondary to the army. Another 250,000 men will soon be called to leave home—leave their life's plans and go and fight. There is a sacrifice. We must support them and those who have gone. This may mean an inconvenience for us and we should count it a privilege to do it. We must buy heavily of U. S. S. and do it uncompainingly—the situation demands it. Crow Wing county must and will meet its quota.

—BUY U. S. S.—

## Facts About New Plant World.

A new plant world, though one of few forms, is opened up by Dr. Pierce See's botanical investigation of libraries. The spots appearing on the paper of old volumes, or those kept in damp places, are found to be due to various fungi and to represent a certain number of species in different stages of growth, colors and conditions. The microscope shows the ordinary spot to be made up of a dark central nucleus, which is the mycelium or vegetative portion of the plant, surrounded by a lighter zone colored by the secretions of the organism. Plants still living have been transplanted to gelatine, licorice, potatoes or other suitable soil, and from the growths so obtained in three to six weeks the various kinds have been identified. As reported to the Paris Academy of Sciences, about 20 different species have been so far isolated. The molds are not all introduced into the books or paper, but in some cases their germs appear to have been present in the paper materials, even in the raw fiber itself.

## Petulance and Earnestness.

To look mad and growl is almost as bad as swearing. In fact, if one analyzes the two, he will not find any difference between them. Profanity is only an expression of the state of mind. Of course, there is some difference in the character and form of the expression; but they all mean the same thing. We speak of this because the world notes the mental attitude and regards it the same as profanity, and imputes this fault to the man who wears a growl, remarks Ohio State Journal. And so a religious man who looks mad and growls deprecates his relation as a member of a church and reflects upon the church, too. There is unhappily a good deal of this going on and it is all in violation of Scriptural teaching. We must learn the difference between earnestness and petulance and observe the difference in conduct or we injure the cause we are engaged in. There is no room for ill-temper in a noble enterprise even if that ill-temper does not break out in epithet and wicked language.

## Two Points of View.

"Eggs are coming my way and I'm glad of it. I'm a dealer."  
 "Eggs are coming my way and I'm sorry for it. I'm an actor."

—MAKE W. S. S. PLEDGES—  
Optimistic Thought.

Who publishes one threatens a hundred.

## ENEMY WITHIN 2 MILES OF MARNE

Germans Near River With Ten Mile Gain In Center Though Advance Is Less Swift.

## BRITISH HOLD RHEIMS

Loss of Cathedral City, However, Is Believed Near—French Hold Line West of Soissons—Allied Flank Forced Back.

London, June 1.—Plunging southward, with its momentum still unspent, the German war-machine has driven its wedge into the Allied lines along the front until its apex has reached the Marne river south of Fere-En-Tardenois.

The desperate efforts of the French and British to stem the tide of invaders have served only to slow down the rate of speed of the German advance. The defenders of the heights north of the Marne seem to have been swept aside in the rush of the enemy toward the road to Paris.

Aside from the movement of the German armies southward, two other significant incidents of the tremendous battle have occurred.

One is that the Germans have extended their attack to the northwest, along the Ailette river, from which the French have fallen back some distance.

The other is that the battle has extended to the east of Rheims, which city, during the first few days of the battle, formed the extreme eastern end of the line of battle.

Both Flanks Are Holding Firmly. Along the sides of the salient formed by the rapid German advance to the Marne, the French and British have been holding their positions gallantly.

London, June 1.—Although seemingly less swift, the tide of the German advance towards the Marne is plowing strongly in the center.

Simultaneously the enemy has executed a stroke on the Allied left flank that has extended the battle line westward and virtually lined up the present battle with that of the Somme.

The attack was delivered along the Ailette river, northwest of Soissons. Sweeping forward in the salient that projected between the Somme and the Aisne battlefields, the Germans drove the Allied line back so that it now runs northwestward from the vicinity of Soissons, through Epagny and Blerancourt to the Oise river, apparently at its point of junction with the Oise canal about eight miles east of Noyon.

## Drive in Oise Valley Seen.

The Noyon area was included within the field of the German offensive in March, when the French established new lines along the Oise and the Oise canal to the east and southwest of that town after being driven back below St. Quentin. The German drive down the Oise valley toward Paris was then checked. The present offensive movements here suggests the possibility of its resumption.

The advance in the center has now brought the Germans within two miles of the Marne at one point, Paris dispatches report. The wedge here appears increasing narrow, however, and on its flanks below Soissons and Rheims the enemy is reported firmly held.

## Allied Right Stands Firm.

The French war office announces the breaking down of enemy attacks in the Soissons area and to the south, while on the Allied right the line extending northeastward toward Rheims from the neighborhood of Vesally, appears virtually unchanged, the Germans failing in all their efforts to win ground.

The energetic defense on the right wing is exemplified by the fighting at Thillois, three miles east of Rheims, where the Germans entered the town only to be driven out by a French counter attack.

By such resistance the safety of Rheims is momentarily safeguarded, but observers of the operations view its ultimate fall as apparently inevitable.

## Kaiser Promotes Von Linsington.

Amsterdam, June 1.—Gen. Alexander von Linsington has been appointed commander-in-chief of Brandenburg for the duration of the war by the German emperor. He formerly was commander of a German army group on the eastern front.

## Sweden Approves Allied Pact.

Stockholm, June 1.—The agreement between Sweden and the Allies for a supply of foodstuffs in return for Swedish tonnage, is acceptable to all shades of opinion. Germany did her utmost to delay negotiations, but Sweden succeeded in carrying her point, owing to Germany's need of wood pulp and iron ore. The negotiations finally took the shape of contest between the Americans and Germany, as it learned they were carried out under the leadership of America and through the American legation here.

## NO GREAT CREDIT IN BEING PATRIOTIC

PRESIDENT WILSON HAS LITTLE PATIENCE WITH CLAIMS OF SACRIFICE MAKERS.

## PART OF A CITIZEN'S DUTY

Senator Lenroot Not Yet Used to Membership in Upper House—Congressmen Who Seem to Have Inherited Bent for Lawmaking.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—President Wilson is not inclined to have very much patience with those citizens who go to him with statements about the sacrifices they have made for the United States at this particular time. "A man is not entitled to any more credit for being patriotic than he is for being honest," is about the kind of comment President Wilson has to make in regard to people who try to make much of their "sacrifice for the war."

Carrying on the war is now the business of every person in the United States, is the view of the president, and while a greater sacrifice is demanded on the part of some people than others—in fact there are people who are making no sacrifices whatever—the president believes that no matter what the sacrifice entails, it should be regarded as a part of the citizen's duty. Of course we all know that the fathers, mothers, wives, sweethearts and all relatives near to the men who lay down their lives or risk their bodies in this war are making more of a sacrifice than the people who remain at home, buy bonds, or fail to get all of the kinds of food that they have been accustomed to before the war began. Perhaps President Wilson has in mind these "stay-at-homes," who are inclined to talk too much about their sacrifices.

It takes a man quite a long while to get used to being a senator, if he has been a member of the house. I asked Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin how he liked the senate, and he replied that he had not been long enough a member to get used to it. "There are quite a lot of fellows in the senate," said this new senator, "who say that but for the distinction and higher honor which the senate gives a man they would prefer to be in the house of representatives."

I do not know to whom Lenroot referred, but I should think that men like Underwood of Alabama and Hardwick of Georgia might be reckoned as those whose life in the house was more pleasant than it has been in the senate. Underwood, Hardwick and Lenroot had all achieved places in the house which made them leaders.

There are families which seem to possess a bent for lawmaking just as there are those which have a genius for acting, soldiering, money-making, etc. In the upper house, for instance, there are Senators Sainsbury of Delaware and both the Texas senators, Culberson and Sheppard. Senator Sainsbury's father served two terms in the senate during the most critical period in the country's history—from 1859 to 1871. David B. Culberson, father of the Texas senator, was a congressman for 22 years. When Congressman John L. Sheppard died in 1902 his son, now Senator Sheppard, was elected to succeed the term, and he has been first a congressman and later a senator.

In the house of representative Congressman Bankhead of Alabama has the advantage of possessing a father who is a United States senator, right now. Another congressman who is following in his father's footsteps is Charles E. Crisp of Georgia, son of the late Speaker Crisp, who ruled the house before the reign of "Czar" Reed.

The senate includes some quite learned historians, men who could make a living teaching history if they ever had to. Some of them have what might be called historical hobbies. They know nearly all there is to know about certain peoples. For instance, John Sharp Williams of Mississippi knows ancient Rome better than some of his colleagues know the United States. He can bolster up any proposition by showing that a similar step helped make Rome mistress of the world. And if he were against the same idea he could present evidence that through adoption of a like policy Rome went to pieces. Speaking on the Overman bill, the Mississippian said he favored the Roman attitude toward war. "The old Romans," he continued, "understood this about war, that you had to have a dictator, that you knew that neither the patricians of the capitol nor the plebeians upon the cross streets of Rome could carry on war."

True enough, but it was a surprise to hear one of our own "patricians of the capitol" flatly admit it.

One reason why there are so many uniforms to be seen in Washington is that there are five large camps and cantonments located within a radius of 30 miles from the city. A great many of the soldiers have never seen the national capital, and one of the first things they do as soon as they get leave, is to make a bee line for Washington. They wander about the streets and fill the theaters, usually in bands of three or four, but all of them seem to be having a pretty good time.



TODAY

TODAY

VIRGINIA PEARSON in

"A Daughter Of France"

Tomorrow

Tomorrow

NORMA TALMADGE

In the Triumph of Her Artistic Career

"De Luxe Annie"

Another stage success secured by select for screen lovers

Prices Nights 11c and 17c.

Mat. 6c and 11c.

Prices Quoted Include War Tax.

## HOUSES IN TWO TOWNS

Liquor Is Delivered at Back Door, But Front Is Dry.

A question that Solomon in all his glory never had to decide is now puzzling the brain of Chief E. W. Ferguson of the Santa Monica (Cal.) police department. Is the delivery of liquor at the Venice back door of a house whose front door is in Santa Monica a delivery of liquor in the latter city? Is the problem that stumps the chief.

The houses that face on the south side of Marine street are bisected by the line that marks the city limits of Santa Monica and Venice. Recently dealers have been delivering certain cases and packages at back doors of these houses that if delivered at the front doors in "bone dry" Santa Monica would subject the delivery men to arrest.

"This matter stumps me," said the chief. "We cannot arrest them for delivering the liquor in Venice and it is hardly a violation of the ordinances against delivering liquor to homes in Santa Monica to move it from one part of the house to another."

## TWIN BABIES' LONG TRIP

Infants Travel Half Way Around the World.

Nine weeks old and completing a trip half way round the world is the record established by John and Joan White, twin children of Dr. John H. White, who is doing research work for the Rockefeller institute in Sydney, Australia. The babies arrived at the home of their grandmother, Mrs. C. Edward Kennedy, at Harrisburg, Pa., where they will make their home.

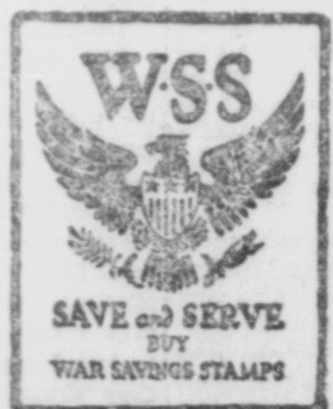
The babies left Australia early in January, soon after their mother had died. They were too small to accompany the funeral party to America, and were left in charge of a nurse until they grew a little stronger. Each baby gained a pound and a half on the voyage across the Pacific.

## Crowder Asks Order June 5.

Washington, June 1.—Provost General Crowder called on all federal state, county and municipal officers throughout the country to co-operate with the government on June 5 to insure "complete and orderly" registration of American youths who will have reached 21 years of age since June 5, 1917.

## Germans Conceal Casualties.

New York, June 1.—On April 27 the German general staff was not in position to give detailed information regarding the German losses in the offensive operations begun on March 21. This announcement was made in the Reichstag by General von Wrisberg, according to the Berlin Vorwaerts, a copy of which has been received here. The number of men taken prisoners and missing in the German armies up to March 31, General von Wrisberg said, was 664,104. Most of these were prisoners.



Contributed by the Brainerd Dispatch

## BANKERS TO MEET IN CITY

Sixth District Meeting in Sauk Centre  
Elected Officers and Named  
Executive Committee

### MUCH BUSINESS WAS DONE

D. I. Bouck of Rice is President of the Group, George A. Moore, St. Cloud, Secretary

The next meeting of the Sixth district group of bankers will be held in Brainerd. A most successful gathering was held in Sauk Centre. Much business was attended to and these officers were elected:

President—D. I. Bouck, Rice.  
Vice President—D. B. Saugher, Sauk Centre.  
Secretary—George A. Moore, St. Cloud.  
Treasurer—Harry Lee, Browerville.

Executive Committee—E. M. Dunphy of Cass Lake and J. K. Martin of Little Falls.

—MAKE W. S. S. PLEDGES—

### FIELD DAY IN COURT

Five Men Arrested for Drunkenness  
Following Quarrel in Streets,  
Sentences Imposed

Following a quarrel in the streets Friday evening, five men were arrested by Chief of Police John D. Gile and Officer Albert Scott and landed in jail. This morning four explained how it happened and various sentences were imposed by Judge Walter F. Wieland.

A general charge of drunkenness was made. John Shay pleaded guilty and drew 30 days in jail at hard labor. This was suspended on good behavior.

George Guyette first pleaded not guilty, later changed to guilty and was sentenced to 30 days at hard labor.

N. J. Roche changed his plea of not guilty to guilty and was fined \$15 or 15 days in jail. He raised the fine money and paid up and was released. It was the first time he had been in trouble.

Peter Jones, a junk dealer, pleaded guilty and was given 30 days at hard labor.

On the judge's desk reposed exhibits of liquor, whiskey and beer, seized when the police descended upon the headquarters of Jones where he has his barn. In the testimony given no one seemed to have a speaking knowledge with the collection of wet goods.

—BUY W. S. S.—

## AUTOMOBILE TOUR TO TWIN CITIES

See Henry Ford's masterpiece, the Fordson tractor. This tractor will be demonstrated on 30 acres of ground at St. Paul, Tuesday and Wednesday, June 4 and 5. The tractor will be shown breaking, discing, dragging, seeding, stubble plowing, and every other performance which is known to the tractor world. We urge you to attend this demonstration and assure you that it will be profitable to yourself if interested in improved farming. 1,000 of them will be sold in the state of Minnesota at factory cost. First come, first served. List your cars on or before June 1st so that we can arrange for accommodation.

303-4ts-2311w

—BUY W. S. S.—

### SLOW TRAIN

"Capt." Wm. Turcotte Writes From Tacoma, Wash., and Says Troop Train no Speeder

In a letter from "Somewhere Out West," "Capt." William V. Turcotte writes that their troop train was breaking no speed laws and that if the institution traveled no faster, then Kaiser Bill would die of old age before they got to camp.

All the boys are anxious to get a gun and start mopping up the Germans and they chafed at being switched around.

—MAKE W. S. S. PLEDGES—  
Poetry and Youth.

There are always hours, or, at all events, moments, when the poet is welcome. There are always times when we enter easily into his mood and share and enjoy it with him. This is merely saying that we are all poets on occasion—that even the most solid of us has his moments of passionate exaltation, his grand dreams of what might be but isn't. Such moments are most frequent in youth, the time of vision. All of us are poets when we are young.

—MAKE W. S. S. PLEDGES—

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT—Inserted by and for Hugo Schwartzkopf, Brainerd, Minn. Amount to be paid, \$7.50.

I have filed for county commissioner of the fourth district and will appreciate your support at the polls. I will endeavor to give efficient, conscientious service.

## BRAINERD SUNDAY PLAYS STAPLES

Brainerd plays Staples of the Red Cross League Sunday and the same car owners and players will as usual furnish the car transportation notwithstanding the fact that 64 owners signed up to carry players and so far but a few have volunteered.

Those furnishing cars have been Fred C. Cook, player, at Ironton, Royalton, Staples.

John A. Hoffbauer, Ironton, Royalton, Staples.

Harry Gaskill, player, Ironton, Royalton.

L. W. Sherlund, Ironton.

A. G. Trommald, Royalton.

John F. Woodhead, Staples.

It is going beyond the plans of the Red Cross league to have players donate cars in addition to their services as players, as that is asking too much of the players. One more car is needed. Telephone Art Drogseth, 790-W, if you can carry four cars leave Cook's pool room at noon Sunday.

—BUY W. S. S.—

### ROLL OF HONOR

\*\*\*\*\*

Roy Edwards, Brainerd boy enlisting in the infantry, has landed in France. He is in K. Co., 47th Infantry. He joined the army last September.

Ed Koop, guest of relatives, has returned to his camp at St. Louis, Mo.

Orlando Swartout of Cross Lake enlisted in the regular army and was assigned to Fort Myer, Virginia, where he will work as a boilermaker helper.

Fred Brand of Roosevelt enlisted in the regular army and was assigned to Atlanta, Georgia, to work as a gunsmith.

—MAKE W. S. S. PLEDGES—

### FARMER PASSED AWAY

Mike Puetz of Crow Wing, Resident of County 25 Years, Called on Friday

Mike Puetz, a well known farmer aged 74, passed away at his home at Crow Wing on Friday morning. He was one of the earliest settlers of this county, having lived here some twenty-five years.

He leaves a wife and five children, Mrs. J. H. Miller of Brainerd, Mrs. W. P. Dunstan of St. Paul, Mrs. Peter Burbee of Pillager, T. H. Puetz of St. Mathias, M. J. Puetz of Crow Wing.

He was born in Rhine province, Germany, and came to America in 1893. The funeral will be held from the residence at 9 o'clock Monday morning and from the St. Mathias Catholic church at 11 o'clock.

—BUY W. S. S.—

### K. C. DANCE

Given by the Order Friday Evening  
Attended by Twenty-Five  
Couples Young People

The dance given by the Knights of Columbus order on Friday evening at their hall in the Citizens State bank building was well attended, twenty-five couples of young people being present. The jazz orchestra of Fat Woods played with this orchestration violin Julius Witham, piano Mrs. Leo Rifenrath, clarinet Richard H. Rehl, and drums Fat Wood. During the evening Mr. Wood entertained the assembly with songs and received hearty applause.

—MAKE W. S. S. PLEDGES—

### MUST SALUTE FLAG

Miners Found a Suspicious Bottled Fluid and Test All Containers.

Miners employed in Nigger Hollow mine No. 1 of the St. Louis and O'Fallon coal company, near Edgemont, Ill., have placed an American flag at the shaft entrance and require workmen and all others to salute the flag before entering the mine.

A bottle containing a fluid, found recently in the mine, aroused suspicion, and the miners now test every man's patriotism by the flag salute before he enters the shaft. The pit committee has gone further by adopting a resolution calling upon each miner to buy Liberty bonds.

German Lies Ruined Him.

Charles Nelson worked hard after coming to America from Scandinavia and had \$2,000 in a bank at Escanaba, Mich. German sympathizers told him he would have to invest all his savings in the next Liberty loan and that the bonds were certain to be worth little or nothing in a few years. Nelson proceeded to withdraw his life savings and spent it all in taxi rides and Escanaba saloons. Now he is broke.

Says Penny Deflected Bullet.

Theodore Gravely of Alton, Ill., who is with the American forces in France, has sent to an Alton friend a battered penny which he says saved his life. He writes that he was in the front trenches and was carrying the coin in the pocket of his topcoat when a bullet struck it and was deflected by it. He writes that the bullet would have pierced his heart if it had not been

## W. S. STAMPS IN EVERY HOME

Plans of County Chairman H. F. Michael Insure Systematic Campaign and Spell Success

### BABY BONDS ARE POPULAR

Record of C. F. Peterson, South Long Lake Farmer, and His Wife is Laudable One

If the plans of Chairman H. F. Michael of the War Savings Stamp campaign materializes, there will be no homes in Brainerd and very few in the county generally without one or more war savings stamps books in them, before the big drive, now already begun, has closed. Mr. Michael is organizing the county in a systematic manner for this campaign and is meeting with splendid success.

The public seems to appreciate the fact that these "Baby Bonds" are an excellent investment and it is a practical way, not only to assist the government, but to lay aside something for the future and which will be very much needed as the months come and go. One of the attractions of the War Savings stamp book is that it can be redeemed at par with the interest any time and it also affords the best security possible. It is a saving and investment and a patriotic response to the government's call all in one. Commercial travelers, business men, school children, housewives, office men and women, in fact people in all walks of life are now putting their money into War Savings stamps as rapidly as possible.

### A Thrifty Family

C. F. Peterson of South Long Lake is the owner of \$1,000 in War Savings stamps and he had no more than completed the purchase of this amount, when his wife set an example by purchasing \$100.00 in these little bonds.

### Here's a Chance

A prominent resident of Crow Wing County recently took over a \$1000.00 hotel property and not being able to handle it personally, has indicated that the same will be exchanged for war savings stamps with anybody who desires to make the deal. The name of the person can be secured from Mr. Michael.

The fact that the property is valuable and has paid well on the investment indicates the confidence that the new owner has in war savings stamps as an investment.

Commercial travelers are buying books and giving them to bell boys and others as tips. Bell boys are filling up their books and are thus being encouraged in the idea of saving and patriotism.

### In the Schools

Although the schools closed Friday, the youngsters who have already started war saving stamp books will not be idle during the summer. They will save their spare money during vacation and buy stamps with it. Clerks, office people and others will put their earnings during the summer into war saving stamps and in fact it will be the popular fad to see that at least one book is in the home and as many more as possible. Go where you will, war saving stamps are being discussed in the best homes, among the wealthy and those in the modest walks of life.

### Framed as Ornament

One prominent lady has placed war saving stamps books in frames on her center table as an ornament. In other homes, they grace their pianos and at tea parties, social functions and organization gatherings, war savings stamps is the popular subject of discussion. This has all come about through a campaign of education and the people have come to realize that the war saving stamps proposition is a big one and is no longer considered a side issue.

It will not only be a matter of raising a particular sum of money for Uncle Sam to assist in running the government, but it will indicate the most substantial kind of patriotism. It was not possible for everyone to buy a Liberty bond, but it is certainly possible for everyone to buy war saving stamps.

Cardinal Gibbons has said: "Many sorrows are avoided and much happiness is to be gained by the timely application of the principle of thrift. To the building of character which is self-reliance and self-dependence. It is a valuable aid to good citizenship and a blessing that one properly grounded is a faithful companion through life."

We have reached a time in our national life when no loyal citizen of this country can afford to spend a dollar for wasteful luxuries."

### Minnesota's Quota

Minnesota must raise \$47,000,000 in 1918. The state director, D. S. Culver, hopes to have the Gopher state the first to reach its full quota. The sum of \$5,000,000 in stamps has already been placed in the state and \$42,000,000 is still to be raised. The most practical way to go about this is to place yourself on record

stamps, to be taken each week or twice a month and then keep that obligation. The campaign in this county is already well under way and every school district, every city and hamlet will be thoroughly canvassed from now on.

### Backing the Drive

The business men of Brainerd, the Chamber of Commerce, the school officials of the city and county and in fact every influence of any weight are standing firmly back of Mr. Michael and giving him the support his earnest efforts so well deserve. He is giving his personal time to the campaign and has made numerous journeys into the country, under often times disagreeable conditions, to meet engagements and to talk war saving stamps to the people. It is felt that the least the public can do is not only support the government in this splendid campaign, but to support a citizen who is giving his time, from his own business, in the interest of a most worthy cause.

### In Your Home

Take the matter up in your own home and encourage your children to save and set an example yourself by saving. Put aside a certain amount each week, with which to buy war savings stamps. Place the books in a conspicuous place in your home where they are an honor to you and one of the most substantial indications of the loyalty of yourself and your children.

—BUY W. S. S.—

## WHERE TO WORSHIP

Bethlehem Norwegian Lutheran  
South Seventh Street  
Norwegian services morning and evening.

† † †

Norwegian-Danish Lutheran  
English confirmation at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 12. No evening service as this congregation will participate in the Memorial services held in the Swedish Lutheran church. Rev. A. Sorenson, pastor.

† † †

Swedish Bethany Church  
Sunday school meets at 10 a. m. There are classes for all ages. Parents are urged to send the children, and the young men and women are invited to attend the Philaece class. No preaching services as the pastor, Rev. Theo. Clemens, is out of town attending Mission meetings.

† † †

Peoples Congregational Church  
William Lloyd Crist, pastor. Sabbath school 10 o'clock, lesson, "Jesus Warns and Comforts His Friends." Mark 14:1-9. Classes for all ages. Morning service 11 o'clock, subject, "Jesus Honors Faith." Evening service, 8 o'clock, subject, "The Saviour of All." You are cordially invited to worship with us.

† † †

Evangelical Association  
Corner Forsyth and Fourth Ave. N. E. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Service at 11 a. m. Sermon subject, "A Hot Time for the Hypocrites." 7:15 p. m. Junior and Senior Alliance meet.

8 p. m. Evening service. Your presence will be appreciated. G. Herbold, pastor.

† † †

Zion Evangelical Lutheran  
Corner Main and Broadway  
The congregation will observe the annual Mission Sunday tomorrow. Rev. G. Mundinger of Bertha will conduct the morning services beginning at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. P. Priess of Pequot will preach in the afternoon services which begin at 2:30 o'clock. An offering for home missions will be taken in both services. There will be no evening services.

† † †

First Congregational Church  
The services in the First Congregational church this Sunday will be as follows:  
Morning worship 10:30, sermon, "Self-Sacrifice and Its Inspiration." Special music by the choir.  
Bible school 11:45.  
Christian Endeavor 6:45.  
Evening service 7:30, sermon subject, "What Prayer HAS Done." We cordially invite you to worship with us. G. P. Sheridan, minister.

† † †

Swedish Baptist Church  
Morning worship at 10:30. Subject, "Without Spat or Wrinkle." The Lord's Supper will be administered at the close of the service. Sunday school at 12 noon. Evening service at 8 o'clock. Subject, "Crucified unto the World." The choir and stringband will sing.

In the afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be service in the Oak Lawn school house (five mile corner.) The pastor will speak and the stringband will play and sing. P. Alfred Peterson, pastor.

† † †

Christian Science  
Services will be held in Camel's hall, Iron Exchange Building, at 11 o'clock. Subject of lesson sermon: "Ancient and Modern Necromancy."



# The Army that Stays at Home

ATTENTION, MINNESOTA—those who are left behind. Are you going to back up the boys at the front? Sure!

Here's how you can do your full share—pledge your year's purchases of War Savings Stamps and see that all your friends do the same.

## War Savings Stamps Pledge Week June 6th to 14th

During this week it is desired to pledge purchases to reach Minnesota's quota of \$47,000,000.

Certainly we should be able to pledge that amount of purchases in one week. We can and we will—if every person in Minnesota does his or her duty.

Buying W. S. S. is Patriotic, and W. S. S. is the best investment the Government has ever offered. It pays 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly.

## Minnesota War Savings Committee

Donated by H. F. Michael Co.

nounced." Golden text, Jeremiah 29:8-9, "Let not your prophets and your diviners that be in the midst of you deceive you, \* \* \* For they prophesy falsely unto you in my name; I have not sent them, saith the Lord."

Sunday school at 10 o'clock. Reading room open daily from 3 to 5 p. m. All are welcome.

† † †

First Baptist Church  
Morning service at 11 o'clock. The sixth anniversary of the present pastorate will be observed with a brief review of what the years have brought. The pastor will speak on the subject "The Optimism of Christianity."

Evening service at 8 o'clock. Sermon subject, "Lifted from a Pit." Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. B. Y. P. U. at 7 p. m.

—BUY W. S. S.—

### LONG RANGE GUNS EFFECTIVE

Eighteen Killed and Wounded in Fatal Attack on Paris.

Paris, June 1.—Eighteen were killed and wounded in the last long range gun bombardment of Paris, it is officially announced.

This bombardment took place on the feast of Corpus Christi, when the British had agreed not to conduct raids against towns not in the war zone.

### FALSE AIR RAID ALARM BRINGS FATAL RESULTS AT MAENHOLM

Geneva, June 1.—Eighteen men and women were trampled to death and many other persons were injured in Mannheim as the result of a false alarm that an air raid was imminent, according to reports received here.

### WIDENS FARM PRODUCTS MAIL SERVICE

Washington, June 1.—Postmaster General Burleson issued orders designed to simplify and facilitate shipments of farm products by parcel post over a greater area. Present restrictions in packing perishable articles, such as butter, eggs, dressed fowls, vegetables and fruits, have been changed so those products may be sent to any post office that can be reached within a reasonable time without spoiling, packed in crates, boxes, baskets or other suitable con-

We Earnestly Urge You to Come to

# ST. PAUL

## Tuesday and Wednesday June 4th and 5th

To Witness a Plowing Demonstration of the

# FORDSON TRACTOR

See what Henry Ford's gift to civilization will do to increase Minnesota's Food Production. Tractors now selling to farmers at factory prices.

## Schmelzel Tractor Co.

Ford Building

Minnesota Distributors

Saint Paul, Minn.

If you possibly can attend this demonstration, please notify Woodhead Motor Co. so that arrangements can be made.

## PRINTERS' INK

Has done more towards nursing a sick or stagnant business than any known remedy. To get the desired results one should learn the real value of this great commodity and its relative merits when employed in the right way.

## Old Papers---5c a Bundle

# WANTS

## HELP WANTED

WANTED—Girl, St. Joseph's hospital. 2493-3031f

WANTED—Engineer at St. Joseph's hospital. 2467-2981f

WANTED—Silver girl at Garvey's restaurant. 2502-3051f

WANTED—Six helpers at Parker & Topping foundry, 9 hour day. Apply to foreman. 2427-2881f

GIRL WANTED—For house work. Good wages. One who likes children. 710 Eighth Street N. E. 2491-3031f

YOUNG MAN WANTED—Custodian for evening, 8 to 11 p. m. at the Chamber of Commerce. Must be reliable, references required. 2509-3061f

WANTED—Girl to assist with housework at Gull lake for summer. Day in town every week or two if wished. Mrs. Carl Zapffe, 504 N. Third St. 2497-3041f

WANTED—Chambermaid, also dishwasher for hotel on the Cuyuni range. Wages \$30.00 month, board and room. Apply by letter to Hotel Spina, Ironton, Minn. 2496-3041f

WANTED—At once—A live wire solicitor, either man or woman, to work in this and adjoining counties on commission. Must have fair education and be capable of closing contracts. If you are eligible apply quick. Address R. S. care Dispatch. 2503-3051f

SALESMEN AND AGENTS—Be independent—make money—build a business of your own. We want men and women, with automobile or rig preferred, to handle the Ellinolean Phonograph, in town and country, from house to house. It's a winner. Sells at half the price of others. Looks, plays and sounds just as good. Plays all records, without extra attachments. Show it—play it—sell it. Hundreds of others are doing it. Easy profits of \$60 to \$100 a week. Real workers make much more. Write quick and get good territory. Chas. H. Elting & Co., 1516 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill. 2482-3021f

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 722 South Broadway. 2492-2771f

FOR RENT—A small store room in the Pearce block. 2342-2771f

FOR RENT—House at 323 19th St. S. E. Inquire at premises. 2507-3061f

FOR RENT—A suite of modern rooms on the first floor with board. Mrs. Stillings, 303 N. 5th. 2403-2841f

FOR RENT—Furnished summer cottage, 5 miles S. E. of Deerwood. Geo. Mahood, Mahood block. 2501-3051f

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms in modern home for light housekeeping. Telephone 381-L. 2430-2881f

## FOR SALE

ONE USED PIANO at a bargain. W. J. Hall, 706 Laurel. 2489-3031f

ONE USED KIMBALL PIANO at a bargain. W. J. Hall, 706 Laurel. 2489-3031f

FOR SALE—16 acres in city limits S. E. Brainerd. Ole Larson. 2485-302-1mp

FOR SALE—160 acres unimproved land in Daggett Brook, F. M. Koop. 2318-2741f

FOR SALE—Gas range, cheap, if taken by May 31st. Phone 770-J. 2494-3031f

FOR SALE—One 1916 Ford runabout with truck box, in A1 condition. phone 23-3. 2504-305-2-1w

FOR SALE—Ford car, also truck body for Ford car. Can be seen at 802 S. 10th St. 2487-3021f

FOR SALE—120 acres improved farm land in South Long Lake. Good buildings. Fifty acres broke. F. M. Koop. 2319-2741f

FOR SALE—A National cash register, good as new, also iron safe, good as new, both at a bargain. J. H. Krekelberg. 2506-3061f

FOR SALE—Studebaker touring car, 4 cylinder, seven passenger, 1918 model, and one Studebaker 3 passenger roadster, overhauled and newly painted. Turcotte-Hardy Auto Co. 2499-3041f

## MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Young lady wants position as bookkeeper or clerk. Phone 381-L. 2461-2961f

LOST—A small hand satchel. Finder return to F. H. Simpson, for reward. 2505-3061f

FOUND—Past Knight Templar's charm. Owner can recover at this office. 2472-3001f

WANTED—To buy, refrigerator in good condition. Address L. H. Dispatch. 2421-2871f

WANTED—To hear from owner of good unimproved land for sale. State cash price, description. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 2206-2591f

WANTED—To buy 20 or 22 foot launch, cash or will trade five lots in Gull Lake Park, or one on Cullen Lake. Address M. V. Baker, 204 Andrus Building, Minneapolis. 2508-3061f

Typewriters for rent to students or business firms. Good Underwoods and L. C. Smiths. Typewriter ribbons and carbon paper for sale. Little Falls Business College.

# WHILE AT WAR

## Women Suffer at Home

ST. PAUL, MINN.—"When I felt that I should have something to build me up and give me strength, I started taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It seems to be just what I need as I am feeling better than I have for years."—Mrs. STELLA WILLIAMS, 141 Pleasant St.

ST. CLOUD, MINN.—"Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been a favorite medicine of mine for years. It has been very effectual in relieving me of liver trouble, and as a blood tonic to tone up one's system, there's nothing better. I can highly recommend this medicine for the relief and benefit it has given me."—Mrs. THERESA SMITH, 711 14th Ave. South.



"Favorite Prescription," the ever-famous friend to ailing women, and "Golden Medical Discovery," the greatest general tonic, are both put up in liquid and tablets, contain no alcohol or habit-forming drugs, and are to be found in nearly all drug stores. The tablets cost 60 cents. These medicines of Dr. Pierce's have enjoyed an immense sale for nearly 50 years, which proves their merits as well as the statements made by users. If not obtainable at your dealer's send 10 cents to Dr. V. M. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and he will mail trial package of either tablets; also write for free medical advice, if there is need.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets for the liver and bowels have also been favorably known for nearly 50 years.

## GARY SAYS HARMONY EXISTS

Steel Producers and Government Reach an Understanding.

New York, June 1.—Elbert H. Gary, president of the American Iron and Steel Institute, speaking at the convention of that body here, declared that the United States government and the steel producers now are working in complete harmony and understanding and that all suspicion toward the industry has been dissipated. Judge Gary, discussing the question of taxation, said there is talk of doubling excess profits and income taxes and expressed the opinion the steel men are willing to be heavily taxed to defend the rights of the liberties of the world, provided the levies are distributed equally and the money wisely expended.

## BASEBALL.

American Association. Minneapolis at St. Paul, postponed, rain.

Indianapolis, 3; Louisville, 1.

Columbus, 3; Toledo, 1.

American League.

St. Louis, 3; Detroit, 2.

Chicago, 3; Cleveland, 2.

No other games scheduled.

National League.

Pittsburg, 12; St. Louis, 7.

New York, 2; Philadelphia, 1.

Boston-Brooklyn postponed, rain.

## DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Minneapolis Grain. Minneapolis, June 1.—Oats, May, 71½; July, 67½.

Duluth Flax. Duluth, June 1.—Flaxseed, May \$3.81½; July, \$13.85; Oct. \$3.55½.

Chicago Grain. Chicago, June 1.—Corn, June 1.32; July, 1.35½; Oats, May 75½; June, 71½; July, 66.

South St. Paul Live Stock. South St. Paul, June 1.—Estimated receipts at the Union Stock Yards: Cattle, 745; calves, 494; hogs, 2,300; sheep, 10; horses, 40; cars, 74.

Cattle, Steers, \$7.50@16.65; cows, \$8@13.50; calves \$8.75@13.25; hogs, \$16.50@16.60; sheep and lambs, \$13.50@15.50.

Chicago Live Stock. Chicago, June 1.—Hog receipts, 15,000; weak, at a shade under yesterday's average. Bulk \$16.25@16.50; light \$16.25@16.50; mixed, \$15.90@16.53; heavy \$15.25@16.35; rough \$15.25@15.60; pigs, \$14.25@16.85. Cattle receipts, 3,000; firm; native steers, \$10.50@17.75; stockers and feeders, \$9.25@13.65; cows and heifers, \$7.25@14.90; calves, \$8@14.75. Sheep receipts, 10,000; weak; sheep, \$10@15.35; lambs, \$13.25@17.75; springs, \$14.25@20.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Minneapolis, June 1.—BUTTER—Creamery extras, per lb., 40c; extra firsts, 39c; firsts, 38c; seconds, 37c; dairy, 36c; packing stock 30c.

EGGS—Fresh prime firsts, new cases, 32½c; current receipts, new cases, 31½c; old cases, 30c; checks and seconds, 20c, 26c; dirties, candied, 29c. Quotations on eggs include cases.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, fat, 10 lbs. and over, 25c; thin, small, 10@12c; cripples and culls, unsalable; old and young roosters, 19c; ducks, 20c; geese, 15c; hens, 3½ lbs. and over, 24c; under 3½ lbs., 21c.

Anti-Typhoid Serum Free. Washington, June 1.—Free anti-typhoid inoculation is to be given by the government to protect the health of the nation. Secretary McAdoo announced he had directed the Public Health Service to give the inoculation without charge at any of its hospitals or field offices. Many of these are located in zones surrounding military cantonments and prevention of typhoid fever in these zones is a step toward reducing the risk of interchange of disease between the military and civil populations.

# ENORMOUS ARMY MEASURE PASSES

Largest Appropriation Bill in the Nation's History Goes Through House.

## POWER IS UNLIMITED

President Is Authorized to Raise an Army of Whatever Size He Deems Fit in Bill Carrying \$12,041,682,609 for Its Support.

Washington, June 1.—Carrying \$12,041,682,609 and giving the president unlimited power to raise an army of whatever size he deems fit, the largest army appropriation bill in the nation's history was passed unanimously by the house.

Although removing all limit from the size of the army, the measure is framed to provide for an army of 3,000,000 men during the coming year, in accordance with the government's revised program for rushing soldiers to France.

History's Biggest Appropriation. Some of its big items are \$6,315,135,000 for the quartermasters corps; \$3,296,000,000 for ordnance; \$1,023,000,000 for the engineers; \$267,000,000 for the medical corps.

Representative Longworth told the House just before the bill passed that it carried appropriations 50 per cent greater than the total cost of the Civil war to both sides. The measure passed after three day's debate, all limited to five minute speeches. When it was certain no vote had been cast against the great measure—by far the hugest appropriation in the history of the world—the House rose and applauded.

Opposition in Senate. The Senate military affairs committee is understood to be ready to begin work at once on the bill. Notice has been given that there will be opposition to the section which gives President Wilson power to raise as large an army as can be equipped and shipped to Europe.

Two small amendments were adopted. One directs that cost-plus contracts be entered into only when inescapably necessary. The other provides against the use of "stop-watch efficiency methods" in speeding up labor.

## MAY LOSSES ARE 166,802

Heavy British Casualties Reflect German Drive in March.

London, June 1.—Casualties in the British ranks reported during the month of May reached a total of 166,802. The losses were divided as follows:

Killed or died of wounds—Officers, 1,536; men, 20,518.

Wounded or missing—Officers, 6,182; men, 138,566.

The total reported during April was only 52,475, as the lists apparently did not begin to reflect fully the effects of the casualties sustained in the German offensive in March.

## TWO BIG SUBMARINES SUNK

Allied Destroyers Dispose of German Craft Near Gibraltar.

An Atlantic Port, June 1.—Two of Germany's newest and largest submarines of the cruiser class were sunk May 17 and 18 near Gibraltar, according to passengers who arrived here on an Italian Steamship.

The U-boats were sunk by Allied destroyers and from one of them prisoners were taken, the passengers assert.

## ALLIED ARMY TOO SMALL

General Foch Is Unable to Begin Counter Drive.

Washington, June 1.—General Foch has sufficient men for great counter drive, although he can operate to upset seriously the German advance, army officers here said.

So critical has the problem of reserves become that the chief of the Allied armies can hope only to bring the enemy drive to full halt, it was added on responsible authority.

## SECRET WIRELESS STATION

Federal Agents Looking for Alleged German Plant.

Dallas, Tex., June 1.—Knowledge of a secret wireless station, which may be a link in a spy communication line via Mexico, was claimed by a department of Justice investigator here. The station is near Dallas, he said, is interfering with government messages. Federal officers from Dallas, El Paso and Los Angeles are attempting to locate the plant.

## Bubonic Plague on British Ship.

London, June 1.—When the steamship Somali arrived at Gravesend yesterday from Bombay it was found that three members of the crew were suffering symptoms suggesting the Bubonic plague. Two cases, one of which ended fatally, proved to be plague. During the voyage several rats were killed by the storekeeper and other dead rats were found in the store-rooms. The ship is now moored off Gravesend. It will be disinfected and the rats destroyed.

# GREATER INTEREST SHOWN IN WAR

OFFICIAL WASHINGTON REALIZES THE COUNTRY IS BECOMING ENTHUSIASTIC.

## AROUSED BY CASUALTY LISTS

Certain Prerogatives of Which Senate and House Are Exceedingly Jealous—Nine Civil War Veterans Still Members of Congress.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—Official Washington has realized during the past week or ten days that the country has become more interested in the war than any time since the United States entered upon that great conflict. This interest is ascribed to the fact that American casualty lists are now being received and it is brought home to our people that great sacrifices are necessary in order to win the war of civilization.

It is a gratifying fact that reports from France show there has been great enthusiasm on the part of the American troops and that they have taken part in the struggle. While it is true that a great many men in congress expressed the hope very frequently that American troops would never be engaged in the bloody war in Europe, even after war was declared, it is more than likely that our people are glad American soldiers are doing their part to stem the onrushing Hun.

Prerogatives are great things and if properly used can often overcome common sense. The house of representatives will not surrender what it claims, as its great constitutional prerogative, that of originating all bills relating to revenue. The senate has its own prerogatives, but it does not have to contest with the house for these because these prerogatives relate almost wholly to what is known as executive business, the ratification of treaties and the confirmation of presidential appointments. It does, however, have to contest with the president, for occasionally appointments are made without the consent of the senate, which seem to be an infringement upon the senate's prerogative, the right of confirmation. Then the president often makes an agreement called a "modus vivendi" with a foreign nation, which is practically a treaty, without reference to the senate's right of ratification.

There is always more or less of a squabble over these "prerogatives" and from the way members of congress talk it would seem that they are more important than anything else connected with legislation.

There are six men in the house of representatives who fought in the Civil war. Three of them were Confederates, Major Stedman of North Carolina, General Estopinal of Louisiana and Private Talbot of Maryland. The other three, Sherwood and Hollingsworth of Ohio and Osborne of California, were the blue of the Federal army. The blue outnumbered the gray in the senate. There are two former "Yanks" in that body, Warren of Wyoming and Nelson of Minnesota, while Senator Bankhead of Alabama is the sole remaining "Johnny Reb." It has always been the case that after the conclusion of a war congress has been throbbed with fighting men. Since 1805 there have been hundreds of Civil war veterans in congress at one time or another, but even at that it is rather remarkable that after 53 years there still are nine of them left.

Senator Hardwick is often described by men who have watched his course as being "pestiferous." Hardwick earned that reputation in the house and more so in the senate where he has a wider latitude. Let anything come up in which he is in the least interested and he is sure to take an active part, and he oftentimes makes a great deal of trouble, therefore the designation "pestiferous." Hardwick is having a hard fight for re-election and he has to undergo the question of thorough loyalty; and it is quite well-known that he does not meet the "acid test" of the president.

In the opinion of quite a number of Democrats Speaker Champ Clark still has hopes of the presidency. That is one explanation of why he refused the Missouri senatorship. It may be that the speaker was looking forward to 1920 and believed that if he was then speaker of the house he would be a more prominent figure before the country than as a Missouri senator. At the same time whatever hopes he has of the presidency must be somewhat circumscribed by the fact that he will be seventy years old that year.

Nothing withers the attendance in senate and house like a hot day. When summer strikes the national capital, along about July 15, it gets pretty hot, and that heat is an argument in favor of early adjournment. Even those members who are sure of re-election are inclined to shy at the idea of legislating in August. Wilford Collins will not be fashionable with congressmen this year if they can help it.

All this because the official harbinger of spring has appeared. "Nick" Longworth has discarded his vest.

# LIBERTY IS CURBED TO CHECK SEDITION

DRASTIC MEASURES ARE PASSED BECAUSE ENEMIES IN THE COUNTRY AID GERMANY.

## SENATOR SWANSON IS BUSY

Has Charge of All Naval Bills and Other Important Legislation—Many Republicans Look With Favor on Nomination of Colonel Roosevelt.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—At various times during the discussion of different war measures, particularly those which deal with espionage, the curbing of the spy system and the efforts to prevent enemies in this country from helping the Germans, there have been warnings against giving too much power to federal officials because they might utilize it to the disadvantage of honest American citizens. Most of the discussion has revolved around the powers proposed to be granted to and which might be exercised by the postmaster general. In the legislation which has been enacted it is possible for the postmaster general to shut off from communication with the outside world any man whom he may regard as promoting or engaging in acts detrimental to the United States in the prosecution of the war. This is particularly true of one of the measures which has recently been passed and which gives the postmaster general almost unlimited power in this direction.

Of course it is a war measure and could not have been passed under any other conditions. The reason for the enactment of such drastic legislation is that enemies of the United States government, opponents of the war, people who are stabbing in the back our soldiers and sailors who are fighting in Europe, have taken advantage of the liberality and leniency of American laws to do all they can to aid the German government. It is possible that some innocent people will suffer, but it is because the enemies of our own country, protected by our laws, have made it necessary to restrict what has heretofore been considered liberty in the use of the mails and in the press.

Every man, woman and child in the United States who has to make a sacrifice, suffer a privation or inconvenience, or is in any way disturbed by war conditions, should always remember that the Germans are responsible for every feature of this war. It was the Germans that forced the war upon the United States. Even before the United States went into the war many of our people suffered privations on account of the increased cost of living and high prices. And it has been proved time and again that the Germans are responsible for bringing on the war. The one complaint about our government activities up to this time is that the officials have not made it plain where the responsibility rests.

Senator Swanson of Virginia is a very busy man these days. He is one of the senators who might be called a "war senator," if that term is to be applied to men who handle war measures. On account of the feeble health of Senator Tillman, Senator Swanson has charge of all the naval bills, including the great naval appropriation bill, which is essentially a war measure. As chairman of the committee on public buildings and grounds he had charge of the housing bill which provided for an expenditure of \$60,000,000 for housing workmen in war work. The Virginia senator is also a member of the committee on foreign relations, which has no other business now that does not pertain to the war.

It sounds odd to hear so many Republicans who for years have been violent anti-Roosevelt men, saying, "Teddy looks pretty good to me." The Republicans have begun to scan the field for a possible candidate in 1920. Colonel Roosevelt's desire vigorously to prosecute the war against the Huns has had a great deal to do in creating a sentiment in favor of his nomination by the Republicans next time. They feel that whatever may happen, and if the war is still on, the country will be sure of a president who will prosecute the war vigorously.

Utah continues to be a prominent state in the senate. For nearly a score of years Utah was represented by Senator Smoot and Senator Sutherland, the first recognized as the best business senator in the body and the latter as one of the great lawyers. Senator Sutherland's successor, William H. King, has already proved his ability as a lawyer and has become a very active senator.

The river and harbor bill, which is of interest to a great many communities throughout the United States, has not yet passed the senate, but there is little doubt about its enactment before congress adjourns. As it passed the house the bill was declared to be a war measure; that is, it provided for improvements of harbors and waterways which will be an aid in transporting war materials. The same claim was made in the senate, and it will be a powerful factor in silencing any opposition that may develop.

# Stomach Trouble

Mrs. Sophie Bauer, 521 First Ave., North, Faribault, Minnesota, writes: "I cannot praise your wonderful medicine, Peruna, enough. It has done much for me during the past ten years and I keep it in the house continually. I was in such a condition that I could eat nothing but bread and milk, and even that was too heavy for me at times. Now, I can eat anything. I will recommend Peruna to all my friends."

I cannot

Praise

Your

Wonderful

Medicine

Peruna Enough



Those who object to liquid medicines can procure Peruna Tablets.

# THE DISPATCH

Prints the Best and Latest in Wedding Invitations and Announcements, Dancing Party Invitations and Programs, Programs for Recitals, Entertainments and Other Occasions, also Supper, Social, Entertainment and Dance Tickets, Milk Tickets, Etc.

We will be Pleased to Show You Samples of Our Work and Give You Our Prices. Call on Us.

# The DISPATCH JOB DEPARTMENT

Dispatch Building, So. Sixth St.

## DO NOT APPEAL TO VISITOR

Writer Frankly Expresses Feeling of Disappointment at Sight of Buildings Within Kremlin Walls.

To me none of the ten churches within the Kremlin walls is impressive. Ivan Veliki towers the highest, but it is far from imposing, writes Maynard Owen Williams in the Christian Herald. From one side it resembles a tower rather than a church, yet it has no such quiet dignity as one finds in the Katha Minar, near Delhi, or the towering dome of St. Sophia with its flanking needle minarets. The other cathedrals are dropped around with careless abandon and a nice disregard for the cost of gold leaf, but none of them dominates a vista or gathers about itself the other masses in pleasing array. The Kremlin is a mighty whole, composed of many unimposing parts. Its long red walls and splendid gates produce an effect of simple strength which cannot be found within their portals.

The interiors are as disappointing as are the groups of domes which distinguish the exteriors. None is large, none is truly intimate. The effect is of surplus light and multiplicity of saints which remind one of the gopurams of India. Spindle-shanked saints, whose emaciated figures seem too weak to support their gilt haloes, alternate with knights in armor.

## PRIMITIVE WAYS IN ARABIA

Mode of Life Differs Little From What It Was in the Time of Abraham.

It appears that in certain parts of the Arabian desert life is as primitive as in Abraham's time. Sheep are still slain to seal a vow. The salt or bread covenant is observed and when a man dies his tent is torn down and destroyed.

Old names like Joseph, Moses, Alexander, etc., are still in common use among Arabs, although pronounced "Yusuf," "Musa" and "Skandar." To divorce his wife a man may repeat the formula "Ent telek" three times; usually uttering it once makes the woman behave and the repetition is not necessary. The evil eye superstition is common, and the first injunction given a foreigner by experienced Arabian travelers is that he must not point at animals or persons in Arab settlements.

Arabs say that a man possessed of this malign power can look at a bird flying in the air and it will drop dead; that if he chooses to cast his wicked spell on a camel it may go lame, or a child may be struck blind. None of the lower class can read or write, but the Arab is noted for his ready wit and his love of making a pun.

# MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take a glass of Salts if your Back hurts or Bladder bothers—Meat forms uric acid.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys